



Office of the Attorney General  
State of Texas

DAN MORALES  
ATTORNEY GENERAL

March 31, 1997

Mr. Edward H. Perry  
Assistant City Attorney  
City of Dallas  
City Hall  
Dallas, Texas 75201

OR97-0655

Dear Mr. Perry:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 104820.

The City of Dallas (the "city") received a request for any reports of accidents that a certain firefighter has had while on duty. You claim that the requested information is excepted from required public disclosure by sections 552.103 and 552.111 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and have reviewed the documents at issue.

The Open Records Act's exceptions do not, as a general rule, apply to information made public by other statutes. Open Records Decision No. 525 (1989). We note that the information submitted to this office includes an accident report. Access to accident reports is governed by law other than the Open Records Act. The Seventy-fourth Legislature, without reference to the repeal and codification of V.T.C.S. article 6701d,<sup>1</sup> amended section 47 of article 6701d, V.T.C.S., relating to the disclosure of accident reports. Act of May 27, 1995, 74th Leg., R.S., ch. 894, § 1, 1995 Tex. Sess. Law Serv.

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<sup>1</sup>Effective September 1, 1995, article 6701d was repealed and codified as part of the Transportation Code. Act of May 1, 1995, 74th Leg., R.S., ch. 165, § 24, 1995 Tex. Sess. Law Serv. 1025, 1870-71; *see* Trans. Code § 550.065 (release of accident reports). The legislature did not intend a substantive change of the law but merely a recodification of existing law. Act of May 1, 1995, 74th Leg., ch. 165, § 25, 1995 Tex. Sess. Law Serv. 1025, 1871. The repeal of a statute by a code does not affect an amendment of the statute by the same legislature which enacted the code and the amendment is preserved and given effect as part of the code provision. Gov't Code § 311.031(c). Thus, the amendment of section 47 of article 6701d, V.T.C.S., in House Bill 391 remains in effect as current law and may be found following section 550.065 of the Transportation Code. *See also* Act of May 27, 1995, 74th Leg., R.S., ch. 894, § 1, 1995 Tex. Sess. Law Serv. 4413, 4414.

4413, 4414. As amended, section 47(b)(1) places certain restrictions on the general public's access to "all accident reports made as required by [V.T.C.S. art. 6701d] or [V.T.C.S. art. 6701h]."<sup>2</sup> Specifically, section 47(b)(1) provides that a law enforcement agency employing a peace officer who made an accident report is required to release a copy of the report on request *only* to, among others, a person who provides the law enforcement agency with two or more of the following: (1) the date of the accident, (2) the name of any person involved in the accident, or (3) the specific location of the accident. Section 47(a) states that, except as provided by section 47(b), these accident reports are privileged and for the confidential use of the Department of Public Safety and agencies who use the reports for accident prevention purposes. Therefore, if the requestor has provided you with the requisite information, section 47(b) entitles him to a copy of the accident report.

As for your section 552.103 claim, the city must demonstrate that 1) litigation is pending or reasonably anticipated and 2) the information at issue is related to that litigation. *Heard v. Houston Post Co.*, 684 S.W.2d 210, 212 (Tex. App.--Houston [1st Dist.] 1984, writ ref'd n.r.e.); Open Records Decision No. 551 (1990) at 4. Section 552.103 requires concrete evidence that litigation may ensue. To demonstrate that litigation is reasonably anticipated, the city must furnish evidence that litigation is realistically contemplated and is more than mere conjecture. Open Records Decision No. 518 (1989) at 5. Whether litigation is reasonably anticipated must be determined on a case-by-case basis. Open Records Decision No. 452 (1986) at 4. A governmental body may establish that litigation is reasonably anticipated by showing that it has received a claim letter from an allegedly injured party or his attorney and by stating that the letter complies with the notice of claim provisions of the Texas Tort Claims Act (TTCA). Open Records Decision No. 638 (1996).

You have submitted a copy of the notice of claim which you state complies with the notice requirements of the TTCA and the city's charter. We conclude that the requested information is related to reasonably anticipated litigation.

We note, however, that generally, once information has been obtained by all parties to the litigation through discovery or otherwise, no section 552.103 interest exists with respect to that information. Open Records Decision Nos. 349 (1982), 320 (1982). Thus, information that has either been obtained from or provided to the opposing party in the anticipated litigation is not excepted from disclosure under section 552.103, and it must be disclosed. Moreover, the applicability of section 552.103 ends once the litigation has been concluded. Attorney General Opinion MW-575 (1982); Open Records Decision No. 350 (1982).

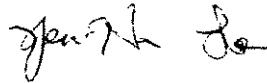
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<sup>2</sup>Effective September 1, 1995, these statutes were repealed and replaced as part of the Transportation Code. Act of May 1, 1995, 74th Leg., R.S., ch. 165, § 24, 1995 Tex. Sess. Law Serv. 1025, 1870-71.

Having concluded that the requested information may be withheld pursuant to section 552.103 of the Government Code, we need not address the city's section 552.111 claim.

We are resolving this matter with an informal letter ruling rather than with a published open records decision. This ruling is limited to the particular records at issue under the facts presented to us in this request and should not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records. If you questions about this ruling, please contact our office.

Yours very truly,



Yen-Ha Le  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

YHL/rho

Ref: ID# 104820

Enclosures: Submitted documents

cc: Mr. Mark R. Benavides  
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(w/o enclosures)

