



Office of the Attorney General
State of Texas

DAN MORALES
ATTORNEY GENERAL

May 20, 1998

Ms. Joni M. Vollman
Assistant General Counsel
Harris County District Attorney
201 Fannin, Suite 200
Houston, Texas 77002-1901

OR98-1278

Dear Ms. Vollman:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Texas Open Records Act, chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 116139.

The Harris County District Attorney's Office (the "district attorney") received a request for all information pertaining to the prosecution of Demetrius Simms in cause number 605233. You claim that some of the requested information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101, 552.103, 552.108, and 552.117 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the representative sample of documents.¹

Section 552.103(a) excepts from disclosure information:

- (1) relating to litigation of a civil or criminal nature or settlement negotiations, to which the state or a political subdivision is or may be a party or to which an officer or employee of the state or a political subdivision, as a consequence of the person's office or employment, is or may be a party; and
- (2) that the attorney general or the attorney of the political subdivision has determined should be withheld from public inspection.

¹In reaching our conclusion here, we assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

Additionally, section 552.103(b) provides that the state or a political subdivision is considered to be a party to litigation of a criminal nature until the defendant has exhausted all post-conviction remedies in state and federal court.

The governmental body has the burden of providing relevant facts and documents to show that the section 552.103(a) exception is applicable in a particular situation. The test for meeting this burden is a showing that (1) litigation is pending or reasonably anticipated, and (2) the information at issue is related to that litigation. *Heard v. Houston Post Co.*, 684 S.W.2d 210, 212 (Tex. App.--Houston [1st Dist.] 1984, writ ref'd n.r.e.); Open Records Decision No. 551 (1990) at 4. Therefore, the governmental body must meet both prongs of this test for information to be excepted under 552.103(a).

You inform us that the "case is currently in litigation at the direct appeal stage." After reviewing your arguments and the submitted material, we find that litigation is pending. We also conclude that the documents you have submitted relate to the pending litigation, and may be withheld.²

Generally, however, once information has been obtained by all parties to the litigation through discovery or otherwise, no section 552.103(a) interest exists with respect to that information. Open Records Decision Nos. 349 (1982), 320 (1982). Thus, information that has either been obtained from or provided to the criminal defendant or his attorneys in the litigation is not excepted from disclosure under section 552.103(a), and it must be disclosed. We also note that the applicability of section 552.103(a) ends once the litigation has been concluded. Attorney General Opinion MW-575 (1982); Open Records Decision No. 350 (1982).

We are resolving this matter with an informal letter ruling rather than with a published open records decision. This ruling is limited to the particular records at issue under the facts presented to us in this request and should not be relied on as a previous determination regarding any other records. If you have any questions regarding this ruling, please contact our office.

Yours very truly,



Yen-Ha Le
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

²As we resolve this matter under section 552.103, we need not address the other exceptions you have raised. We caution, however, that some of the information may be confidential by law. Therefore, if the district attorney receives a request in the future, at a time when litigation is no longer reasonably anticipated or pending, the district attorney should seek a ruling from this office on the other exceptions raised before releasing any of the requested information. See Gov't Code § 552.352 (distribution of confidential information may constitute criminal offense).

YHL/rho

Ref.: ID# 116139

Enclosures: Submitted documents

cc: Mr. Alexander L. Calhoun
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(w/o enclosures)