OFFICE *of the* ATTORNEY GENERAL
GREG ABBOTT

September 16, 2003

Mr. Stephen L. Enders
Director
West Texas Community Supervision and Corrections Department
800 East Overland, Suite 100
El Paso, Texas 79901

OR2003-6490

Dear Mr. Enders:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 187682.

The West Texas Community Supervision and Corrections Department (the "department") received a request for the requestor's entire case file. You argue that the requested information is not subject to disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"). We have considered your arguments and reviewed the submitted information.

The Act generally requires the disclosure of information maintained by a "governmental body." However, while the Act's definition of a "governmental body" is broad, it specifically excludes "the judiciary." *See* Gov't Code § 552.003(1)(A), (B). In determining whether a governmental entity falls within the judiciary exception to the Act, this office looks to whether the governmental entity maintains the relevant records as an agent of the judiciary in regard to judicial, as opposed to administrative, functions. *See* Open Records Decision No. 646 at 2-3 (1996) (citing *Benavides v. Lee,* 665 S.W.2d 151 (Tex. App.—San Antonio 1983, no writ)). In Open Records Decision No. 646 (1996), this office determined that specific records regarding individuals on probation and subject to the direct supervision of a court that are held by a community supervision and corrections department fall within the Act's judiciary exclusion because such records are held on behalf of the judiciary. Because the department maintains the submitted information on behalf of the judiciary, the Act is inapplicable to such information, and that information is therefore not subject to public release under the Act.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

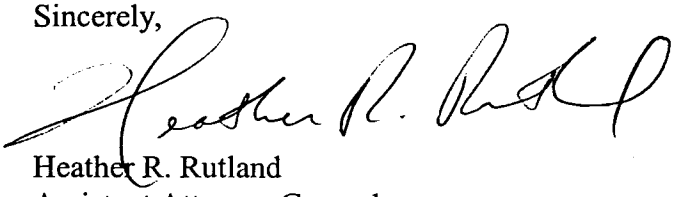
If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code

§ 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



Heather R. Rutland
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

HRR/sdk

Ref: ID# 187682

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Mr. Felix Roberto Rodriguez Perez
10106 Guerra Court
El Paso, Texas 79927
(w/o enclosures)