



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

September 3, 2004

Ms. Pamela Smith  
Assistant General Counsel  
Texas Department of Public Safety  
P.O. Box 4087  
Austin, Texas 78773-0001

OR2004-7547

Dear Ms. Smith:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 208326.

The Texas Department of Public Safety (the "department") received a request for information related to an investigation of a specified sexual assault by a deputy sheriff, and any information related to similar allegations against any employees of the Walker County Sheriff's Department. You state that the department will provide the requestor with most of the requested information. You claim, however, that portions of the remaining requested information are excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code.<sup>1</sup> We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.<sup>2</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> We note that the department has redacted a social security number that is contained within the remaining requested information prior to submitting the information to us for review. The department should not redact information from documents that it submits to this office in requesting a decision under chapter 552 of the Government Code, unless it has been expressly authorized to withhold such information from disclosure without requesting an attorney general decision. *See* Gov't Code § 552.301(a); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 634 at 6-8 (1995).

<sup>2</sup> We assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts “information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision.” Gov’t Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses information protected by other statutes. Section 1703.306 of the Occupations Code provides that “a person for whom a polygraph examination is conducted . . . may not disclose information acquired from a polygraph examination” except to certain categories of people. Occ. Code §1703.306. Because the requestor does not fall within any of the enumerated categories, pursuant to section 552.101 and section 1703.306, you must withhold the polygraph information that we have marked.

Section 552.101 also encompasses the doctrine of common-law privacy. Common-law privacy protects information if (1) the information contains highly intimate or embarrassing facts, the publication of which would be highly objectionable to a reasonable person, and (2) the information is not of legitimate concern to the public. *Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd.*, 540 S.W.2d 668, 685 (Tex. 1976). The submitted information pertains to alleged sexual assaults. In Open Records Decision No. 339 (1982), this office determined that a sexual assault victim has a common-law privacy interest which prevents disclosure of information that would identify the victim. *See also Morales v. Ellen*, 840 S.W.2d 519 (Tex. App.—El Paso 1992, *writ denied*) (identity of witnesses to and victims of sexual harassment was highly intimate or embarrassing information and public did not have legitimate interest in such information). Accordingly, we have marked the information which the department must withhold under section 552.101 in conjunction with the right of common-law privacy.

The submitted documents also contain information that may be subject to section 552.1175 of the Government Code. Section 552.1175 provides in part:

(b) Information that relates to the home address, home telephone number, or social security number of an individual to whom this section applies, or that reveals whether the individual has family members is confidential and may not be disclosed to the public under this chapter if the individual to whom the information relates:

- (1) chooses to restrict public access to the information; and
- (2) notifies the governmental body of the individual's choice on a form provided by the governmental body, accompanied by evidence of the individual's status.

Gov’t Code § 552.1175(b). However, you do not inform this office, nor does any of the submitted information indicate, whether the individual whose information is at issue is currently a licensed peace officer who has elected with the department in accordance with

sections 552.1175(b)(1) and (2).<sup>3</sup> If the individual is currently a licensed peace officer who elects to restrict access to his home address, phone number, family member information, and social security number in accordance with section 552.1175(b), the department must withhold that information from disclosure.

We note, however, that in the event that the social security number contained within the submitted information is not excepted from disclosure under section 552.1175 of the Government Code, it may be excepted from disclosure pursuant to section 552.101 in conjunction with federal law. The 1990 amendments to the federal Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 405(c)(2)(C)(viii)(I), make confidential social security numbers and related records that are obtained or maintained by a state agency or political subdivision of the state pursuant to any provision of law enacted on or after October 1, 1990. *See* Open Records Decision No. 622 (1994). The department has cited no law, nor are we aware of any law, enacted on or after October 1, 1990, that authorizes it to obtain or maintain social security numbers. Therefore, we have no basis for concluding that this social security number is confidential under section 405(c)(2)(C)(viii)(I) of title 42 of the United States Code. We caution the department, however, that section 552.352 of the Government Code imposes criminal penalties for the release of confidential information. Prior to releasing this social security number, the department should ensure that it was not obtained and is not maintained by the department pursuant to any provision of law enacted on or after October 1, 1990.

In summary, the department must withhold the information we have marked pursuant to section 552.101 of the Government Code. The department must also withhold the information that we have marked pursuant to section 552.1175 of the Government Code if the information pertains to a currently licensed peace officer who elects to restrict access to his information in accordance with section 552.1175(b). Nevertheless, the social security number contained within the submitted information may be confidential under federal law. The remaining information must be released to the requestor.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the

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<sup>3</sup> "Peace Officer" is defined by article 2.12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



Lauren E. Kleine  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

LEK/jev



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

September 3, 2004

Mr. James L. Hall  
Assistant General Counsel  
Texas Department of Criminal Justice  
P.O. Box 4004  
Huntsville, Texas 77342

OR2004-7548

Dear Mr. Hall:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 208523.

The Texas Department of Criminal Justice (the "department") received a request for information concerning a named inmate. You claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.134 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses information made confidential by other statutes. Sections 560.001, 560.002, and 560.003 of the Government Code govern the public availability of fingerprint information. These sections provide as follows:

Sec. 560.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:

- (1) "Biometric identifier" means a retina or iris scan, fingerprint, voiceprint, or record of hand or face geometry.
- (2) "Governmental body" has the meaning assigned by Section 552.003 [of the Government Code], except that the term