

The ruling you have requested has been amended as a result of litigation and has been attached to this document.



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

November 1, 2004

Ms. Cheryl Salyards
Assistant to the Superintendent
Cypress-Fairbanks Independent School District
P.O. Box 692003
Houston, Texas 77269-2003

OR2004-9275

Dear Ms. Salyards:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 212112.

The Cypress-Fairbanks Independent School District (the "district") received a request for a copy of the contract between the district and its pharmacy-benefits provider. Although you take no position with respect to the requested information, you claim that portions of the requested information may contain proprietary information subject to exception under the Public Information Act (the "Act"). Pursuant to section 552.305(d) of the Government Code, you have notified the interested third party Systemed, LLC ("Systemed") of the request and of its opportunity to submit comments to this office. *See* Gov't Code § 552.305 (permitting interested third party to submit to attorney general reasons why requested information should not be released); Open Records Decision No. 542 (1990) (determining that statutory predecessor to section 552.305 permits governmental body to rely on interested third party to raise and explain applicability of exception to disclosure in certain circumstances). We have considered Systemed's arguments and reviewed the submitted information.

Systemed claims that the requested contract is excepted from disclosure pursuant to section 552.104 of the Government Code. Section 552.104 excepts information from disclosure if a governmental body demonstrates that the release of the information would cause potential specific harm to its interests in a particular competitive situation. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 593 at 2 (1991), 463 (1987), 453 at 3 (1986). We note, however, that section 552.104 only protects the interests of a governmental body and is not designed to protect the interests of private parties that submit information to a governmental body. *See* Open Records Decision No. 592 at 8-9 (1991). The district has not argued that the release of any portion of the requested contract would harm its interests in a particular competitive situation under section 552.104. Accordingly, we conclude that the district may not withhold any portion of the requested contract under section 552.104 of the Government Code.

Systemed also raises section 552.110 of the Government Code. Section 552.110 protects the proprietary interests of private parties by excepting from disclosure two types of information: (1) “[a] trade secret obtained from a person and privileged or confidential by statute or judicial decision,” and (2) “commercial or financial information for which it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that disclosure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person from whom the information was obtained.” Gov’t Code § 552.110(a)-(b). The Texas Supreme Court has adopted the definition of a “trade secret” from section 757 of the Restatement of Torts, which holds a “trade secret” to be

any formula, pattern, device or compilation of information which is used in one’s business, and which gives him an opportunity to obtain an advantage over competitors who do not know or use it. It may be a formula for a chemical compound, a process of manufacturing, treating or preserving materials, a pattern for a machine or other device, or a list of customers. It differs from other secret information in a business . . . in that it is not simply information as to a single or ephemeral event in the conduct of the business A trade secret is a process or device for continuous use in the operation of the business [It may] relate to the sale of goods or to other operations in the business, such as a code for determining discounts, rebates or other concessions in a price list or catalogue, or a list of specialized customers, or a method of bookkeeping or other office management.

RESTATEMENT OF TORTS § 757 cmt. b (1939); *see also Hyde Corp. v. Huffines*, 314 S.W.2d 763, 776 (Tex. 1958), *cert. denied*, 358 U.S. 898 (1958). If a governmental body takes no position on the application of the “trade secrets” component of section 552.110 to the information at issue, this office will accept a person’s trade secret claim under section 552.110(a) if the person establishes a *prima facie* case for the exception and no one submits an argument that rebuts the claim as a matter of law.¹ *See Open Records Decision No. 552 at 5* (1990). However, we cannot conclude that section 552.110(a) is applicable unless it has been shown that the information meets the definition of a trade secret and the

¹ The Restatement of Torts lists the following six factors as indicia of whether information constitutes a trade secret:

- (1) the extent to which the information is known outside of [the company];
- (2) the extent to which it is known by employees and other involved in [the company’s] business;
- (3) the extent of measures taken by [the company] to guard the secrecy of the information;
- (4) the value of the information to [the company] and [its] competitors;
- (5) the amount of effort or money expended by [the company] in developing the information;
- (6) the ease or difficulty with which the information could be properly acquired or duplicated by others.

Restatement of Torts, § 757 cmt. b (1939); *see also Open Records Decision Nos. 319 at 2* (1982), *306 at 2* (1982), *255 at 2* (1980).

necessary factors have been demonstrated to establish a trade secret. Open Records Decision No. 402 (1983).

Section 552.110(b) of the Government Code exempts from disclosure “[c]ommercial or financial information for which it is demonstrated based on specific factual evidence that disclosure would cause substantial competitive harm to the person from whom the information was obtained.” Gov’t Code § 552.110(b). This exception to disclosure requires a specific factual or evidentiary showing, not conclusory or generalized allegations, that substantial competitive injury would likely result from release of the information at issue. *Id.*; *see also* Open Records Decision No. 661 at 5-6 (1999).

Systemed raises section 552.110 for portions of the requested contract. After carefully reviewing the arguments presented to us by Systemed and the information at issue, we find that Systemed has not adequately demonstrated that any portion of the submitted contract qualifies as a trade secret under section 552.110(a). We find, however, that the company has made a specific factual or evidentiary showing that the release of a portion of the contract, which we have marked, would cause the company substantial competitive harm. Thus, this marked information must be withheld pursuant to section 552.110(b). The remaining information contains the program pricing terms. We note that the pricing information of a winning bidder is generally not excepted under section 552.110(b). *See* Open Records Decision No. 514 (1988) (public has interest in knowing prices charged by government contractors); *see generally* Freedom of Information Act Guide & Privacy Act Overview, 219 (2000) (federal cases applying analogous Freedom of Information Act reasoning that disclosure of prices charged government is a cost of doing business with government). Moreover, we believe the public has a strong interest in the release of prices in government contract awards. *See* Open Records Decision No. 494 (1988) (requiring balancing of public interest in disclosure with competitive injury to company). Accordingly, pursuant to section 552.110, the district must withhold only those portions of the requested contract that we have marked. The remaining information must be released to the requestor.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov’t Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, within 10 calendar days of this ruling, the governmental body will do one of the following three things: 1) release the public records; 2) notify the requestor of the exact day, time, and place that copies of the records will be provided or that the records can be inspected; or 3) notify the requestor of the governmental body's intent to challenge this letter ruling in court. If the governmental body fails to do one of these three things within 10 calendar days of this ruling, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



Lauren E. Kleine
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

LEK/jev

Ref: ID# 212112

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Ms. Barbara Martinez
Wall Street Journal
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CAUSE NO. GN403715

SYSTEMED, L.L.C.,
Plaintiff,

V.

GREG ABBOTT, ATTORNEY GENERAL
OF TEXAS,
Defendant.

§ IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
§
§
§ TRAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS
§
§
§
§ 98TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

District Court
Travis County, Texas
142006
9:00A M.
Garcia-Mendoza, Clerk

AGREED FINAL JUDGMENT

On this date, the Court heard the parties' motion for agreed final judgment. Plaintiff Systemed, L.L.C. and Defendant Greg Abbott, Attorney General of Texas appeared, by and through their respective attorneys, and announced to the Court that all matters of fact and things in controversy between them had been fully and finally compromised and settled. This cause is an action under the Public Information Act (PIA), Tex. Gov't Code Ann. ch. 552. The parties represent to the Court that, in compliance with Tex. Gov't Code Ann. § 552.325(c), the requestor, Barbara Martinez, was sent reasonable notice of this setting and of the parties' agreement that the Cypress-Fairbanks I.S.D. must withhold some of the information at issue; that the requestor was also informed of her right to intervene in the suit to contest the withholding of this information; and that the requestor has not informed the parties of her intention to intervene. Neither has the requestor filed a motion to intervene or appeared today. After considering the agreement of the parties and the law, the Court is of the opinion that entry of an agreed final judgment is appropriate, disposing of all claims between these parties.

IT IS THEREFORE ADJUDGED, ORDERED AND DECLARED that:

1. The information at issue, section 12.5 of the Integrated Prescriptions Drug Program Master Agreement ("the Contract") is excepted from disclosure by Tex. Gov't Code Ann. § 552.110(b).

2. The District must withhold from the requestor the information described in Paragraph 1 of this Judgment.

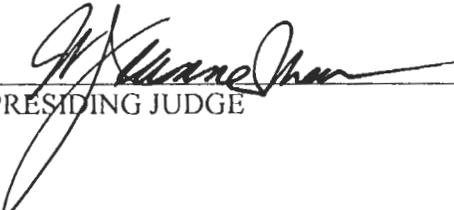
3. If it has not already done so, the District must release to the requestor the remaining portions of the Contract, except section 12.5 of the Contract and those portions of the Contract that were held excepted from disclosure in Letter Ruling 2004-9275.

3. All costs of court are taxed against the parties incurring the same;

4. All relief not expressly granted is denied; and

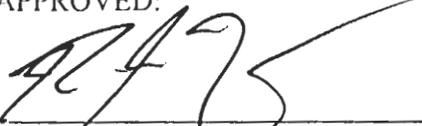
5. This Agreed Final Judgment finally disposes of all claims between Plaintiff and Defendants and is a final judgment.

SIGNED this the 14 day of September, 2006.



PRESIDING JUDGE

APPROVED:



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