



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

April 11, 2005

Mr. Robert Simpson
Assistant General Counsel
Texas State Board of Medical Examiners
P. O. Box 2018
Austin, Texas 78768-2018

OR2005-03068

Dear Mr. Simpson:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 221755.

The Texas State Board of Medical Examiners (the "board") received a request for all information pertaining to a named licensee of the board. You state that the board has released some requested information but claim that other information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.026 and 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.¹ We have also considered comments submitted by the requestor and the attorney representing the physician who is the subject of the requested information. See Gov't Code § 552.304 (providing that member of public may submit comments stating why information should or should not be released).

¹We assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. See Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office. We also note that the submitted information includes records that were created after the board received this request. Because the board did not maintain these records at the time it received this request, the records are not encompassed by the request, and we do not address them in this ruling. See *Econ. Opportunities Dev. Corp. v. Bustamante*, 562 S.W.2d 266 (Tex. Civ. App.—San Antonio 1978, writ *dism'd*); Open Records Decision No. 452 at 3 (1986) (governmental body not required to disclose information that did not exist at the time request was received).

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This exception encompasses information that another statute makes confidential. Section 164.007(c) of the Occupations Code provides as follows:

(c) Each complaint, adverse report, investigation file, other investigation report, and other investigative information in the possession of or received or gathered by the board or its employees or agents relating to a license holder, an application for license, or a criminal investigation or proceeding is privileged and confidential and is not subject to discovery, subpoena, or other means of legal compulsion for release to anyone other than the board or its employees or agents involved in discipline of a license holder. For purposes of this subsection, investigative information includes information relating to the identity of, and a report made by, a physician performing or supervising compliance monitoring for the board.

Occ. Code § 164.007(c). This section applies to investigatory records gathered by the board during an investigation of a license holder. This subsection makes confidential all documents that the board compiles in investigating a license holder and all documents compiled in investigating an applicant for a license. You state that the submitted records constitute such investigative information pertaining to a licensee. Based on your representations and our review of the submitted information, we agree that the submitted records constitute investigative information possessed by the board relating to a license holder. You do not inform us that the board is authorized to release that information to this requestor. *See id.* § 164.007(f). Accordingly, you must withhold the submitted information under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 164.007(c) of the Occupations Code.²

You also ask this office to issue a previous determination permitting the board to withhold this category of information without the necessity of requesting a decision from this office. We decline to issue such a previous determination at this time. Accordingly, this letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days.

²Because our ruling is dispositive, we need not address your remaining arguments.

Id. § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Tex. Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



Robert B. Rapfogel
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

RBR/krl

Ref: ID# 221755

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Mr. Hunter Hillin
Mueller Law Offices
404 West 7th Street
Austin, Texas 78701
(w/o enclosures)