



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

August 3, 2005

Ms. Susan Camp-Lee  
Sheets & Crossfield, P.C.  
309 East Main Street  
Round Rock, Texas 78664-5246

OR2005-06989

Dear Ms. Camp-Lee:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 229448.

The Round Rock Police Department (the "department"), which you represent, received a request for a specified police report. You claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101, 552.103, and 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and have reviewed the information you submitted.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from public disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This exception encompasses information that another statute makes confidential. You raise section 552.101 in conjunction with section 261.201 of the Family Code. Section 261.201(a) provides as follows:

(a) The following information is confidential, is not subject to public release under Chapter 552, Government Code, and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with [the Family Code] and applicable federal or state law or under rules adopted by an investigating agency:

(1) a report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect made under [chapter 261 of the Family Code] and the identity of the person making the report; and

(2) except as otherwise provided in this section, the files, reports, records, communications, and working papers used or developed in an investigation under [chapter 261 of the Family Code] or in providing services as a result of an investigation.

Fam. Code § 261.201(a). In this instance, some of the submitted information consists of files, reports, records, communications, or working papers used or developed in an investigation under chapter 261 of the Family Code. That information, which we have marked, falls within the scope of section 261.201(a). *See* Open Records Decision No. 440 at 2 (1986) (addressing predecessor statute). You do not indicate that the department has adopted a rule that governs the release of this type of information. We therefore assume that no such rule exists. Given that assumption, we conclude that the department must withhold the marked information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 261.201 of the Family Code as information made confidential by law.<sup>1</sup>

Next, we address section 552.108 of the Government Code. Section 552.108(a)(1) excepts from required public disclosure “[i]nformation held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime . . . if . . . release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime[.]” Gov’t Code § 552.108(a)(1). A governmental body that claims an exception to disclosure under section 552.108 must reasonably explain how and why this exception is applicable to the information that the governmental body seeks to withhold. *See id.* § 552.301(e)(1)(A); *Ex parte Pruitt*, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977); Open Records Decision No. 434 at 2-3 (1986). You inform us that the submitted information relates to a pending criminal investigation. Based on your representation, we find that section 552.108(a)(1) is applicable in this instance. *See Houston Chronicle Publ’g Co. v. City of Houston*, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), *writ ref’d n.r.e. per curiam*, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976) (court delineates law enforcement interests that are present in active cases).

Section 552.108 does not except from disclosure “basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime.” Gov’t Code § 552.108(c). Section 552.108(c) refers to the basic front-page information held to be public in *Houston Chronicle*. The department must release basic information under section 552.108(c), including a detailed description of the offense, even if this information does not literally appear on the front page of an offense or arrest report. *See Houston Chronicle*, 531 S.W.2d at 186-87; Open Records Decision No. 127 at 3-4 (1976) (summarizing types of information deemed public by *Houston Chronicle*). We note that the department would ordinarily be required to withhold some of the submitted

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<sup>1</sup>We note, however, that if the Texas Department of Family and Protective Services has created a file on this case, the child’s parent(s) may have the statutory right to review that file. *See* Fam. Code § 261.201(g); Act of June 2, 2003, 78th Leg., R.S., ch. 198, § 1.27, 2003 Tex. Sess. Law Serv. 611, 641 (“A reference in law to the Department of Protective and Regulatory Service means the Department of Family and Protective Services.”).

information that is subject to disclosure under section 552.108(c) in order to protect the privacy interests of this particular crime victim. *See* Gov't Code § 552.101; *Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd.*, 540 S.W.2d 668, 683-85 (Tex. 1976); Open Records Decision Nos. 393 (1983), 339 (1982). In this instance, however, the requestor is the crime victim and has a special right of access to her own private information. *See* Gov't Code § 552.023.<sup>2</sup> Therefore, the department must release basic information in accordance with section 552.108(c). The department may withhold the rest of the submitted information under section 552.108(a)(1).<sup>3</sup>

In summary: (1) the department must withhold the marked information that is confidential under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 261.201 of the Family Code; and (2) except for the basic information that must be released under section 552.108(c), the department may withhold the rest of the submitted information under section 552.108(a)(1).<sup>4</sup>

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the

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<sup>2</sup>*See* Gov't Code § 552.023(a) (person or a person's authorized representative has special right of access, beyond right of general public, to information relating to person that is protected from public disclosure by laws intended to protect person's privacy interests); Open Records Decision No. 481 at 4 (1987) (privacy theories not implicated when individual requests information concerning herself).

<sup>3</sup>As we are able to make this determination, we do not address your claim under section 552.103 of the Government Code, except to note that section 552.103 generally does not except from disclosure the same basic information that must be released under section 552.108(c). *See* Open Records Decision No. 597 (1991).

<sup>4</sup>Should the department receive another request for this same information from a person who would not have a special right of access under section 552.023, the department should resubmit this same information and request another decision. *See* Gov't Code §§ 552.301, .302; Open Records Decision No. 673 (2001).

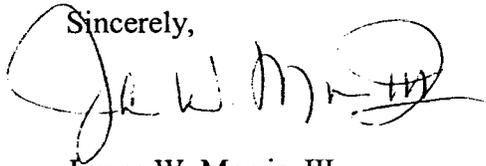
statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Tex. Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "James W. Morris, III". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial "J" and a long horizontal stroke at the end.

James W. Morris, III  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

JWM/sdk

Ref: ID# 229448

Enc: Submitted documents