



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

August 23, 2005

Mr. Steven M. Kean
Deputy City Attorney
City of Tyler
P.O. Box 2039
Tyler, Texas 75710

OR2005-07623

Dear Mr. Kean:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 230738.

The Tyler Police Department (the "department") received a request for license plate checks run by police vehicles operated by two named department officers on two specified days.¹ You state that you have released a portion of the requested information but claim that the portions of the submitted information that you have marked are excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.130 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This section encompasses information made confidential by other statutes. Criminal history record information ("CHRI") obtained from the National Crime Information Center ("NCIC") or the Texas Crime Information Center ("TCIC") is made confidential under federal and state law. Federal law governs the dissemination of CHRI obtained from the NCIC network. Federal regulations prohibit the release to the general public of CHRI that is maintained in state and local CHRI systems. *See* 28 C.F.R. § 20.21(c)(1) ("Use of criminal history record information disseminated to noncriminal justice agencies shall be

¹The department sought and received a clarification of the information requested. *See* Gov't Code § 552.222 (providing that if request for information is unclear, governmental body may ask requestor to clarify request); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 31 (1974) (when presented with broad requests for information rather than for specific records, governmental body may advise requestor of types of information available so that request may be properly narrowed).

limited to the purpose for which it was given”) and (c)(2) (“No agency or individual shall confirm the existence or nonexistence of criminal history record information to any person or agency that would not be eligible to receive the information itself”); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 565 at 10-12 (1990). The federal regulations allow each state to follow its own individual law with respect to CHRI that it generates. *See id.* at 10-12.

Sections 411.083(b)(1) and 411.089(a) of the Government Code authorize a criminal justice agency to obtain CHRI; however, a criminal justice agency may not release CHRI except to another criminal justice agency for a criminal justice purpose. *See* Gov’t Code § 411.089(b). Thus, CHRI generated by the federal government or another state may be disclosed only in accordance with the federal regulations. Likewise, CHRI held by the Texas Department of Public Safety (the “DPS”) or another criminal justice agency must be withheld from the public as provided by subchapter F of chapter 411 of the Government Code. However, driving record information is not made confidential by the confidentiality provisions that govern CHRI. *See* Gov’t Code § 411.082(2)(B) (definition of CHRI does not include driving record information). Furthermore, information “that is related to the offense for which a person is involved in the criminal justice system” is releasable under section 411.081(b). Gov’t Code § 411.081(b). Because the information at issue consists of driving record information or pertains to outstanding charges for which the person is currently involved in the criminal justice system, we conclude that the department may not withhold any of the submitted information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with the federal regulations or subchapter F of chapter 411 of the Government Code.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses section 730.004 of the Transportation Code, which provides:

Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, including chapter 552, Government Code, except as provided by Sections 730.005 - 730.008, an agency may not disclose personal information about any person obtained by the agency in connection with a motor vehicle record.

Transp. Code § 730.004. Section 730.003 provides that, for purposes of chapter 730 of the Transportation Code:

(1) “Agency” includes any agency or political subdivision of this state, or an authorized agent or contractor of an agency of this state, that compiles or maintains motor vehicle records.

...

(4) “Motor vehicle record” means a record that pertains to a motor vehicle operator’s or driver’s license or permit, motor vehicle registration, motor vehicle title, or identification document issued by an agency of this state or

a local agency authorized to issue an identification document. The term does not include:

- (A) a record that pertains to a motor carrier; or
- (B) an accident report prepared under Chapter 550 or 601.

Transp. Code § 730.003(1), (4). Section 730.004 only applies to an “agency” that compiles or maintains motor vehicle records. *See* Transp. Code § 730.003(1). We do not believe that the department compiles or maintains motor vehicle records and, therefore, section 730.004 does not apply to the department. Accordingly, none of the requested information may be withheld under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 730.004 of the Transportation Code. *See* Open Records Decision No. 478 at 2 (1987) (language of confidentiality statute controls scope of protection).

Section 552.130 of the Government Code provides in pertinent part:

(a) Information is excepted from the requirements of Section 552.021 if the information relates to:

- (1) a motor vehicle operator’s or driver’s license or permit issued by an agency of this state; [or]
- (2) a motor vehicle title or registration issued by an agency of this state[.]

Gov’t Code § 552.130. The department must withhold the Texas-issued motor vehicle record information under section 552.130. We have marked a sample of the information the department must withhold under section 552.130.

In summary, Texas-issued motor vehicle record information must be withheld under section 552.130 of the Government Code. The remaining submitted information must be released to the requestor.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov’t Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full

benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Tex. Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



L. Joseph James
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

LJJ/seg

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Enc. Submitted documents

c: Ms. Carley Redfearn
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(w/o enclosures)