



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

November 28, 2005

Mr. Robert W. Burger
City Administrator
City of Moulton
P.O. Box 369
Moulton, Texas 77975

OR2005-10611

Dear Mr. Burger:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 238661.

The City of Moulton (the "city") received a request for (1) a present utility customer list and (2) the present Lower Colorado River Authority (the "LCRA") contract. You state, and provide documentation showing, that you notified LCRA of the city's receipt of the request for information and of LCRA's right to submit arguments to this office as to why the requested information should not be released to the requestor. *See Gov't Code § 552.305(d); see also Open Records Decision No. 542 (1990) (statutory predecessor to section 552.305 permits governmental body to rely on interested third party to raise and explain applicability of exception in the Act in certain circumstances).* You take no position as to whether the submitted information is excepted under the Act; however, the LCRA asserts that the submitted information is excepted under sections 552.104, 552.110, and 552.133 of the Government Code. We have reviewed the submitted information and the submitted arguments.

Initially, we note that the city did not submit the requested utility customer list. We assume that, to the extent this requested information existed when the city received the request for information, you have released it to the requestor. If not, then you must do so immediately. *See Gov't Code §§ 552.006, 552.301, 552.302; Open Records Decision No. 664 (2000).*

We next note that the submitted information was the subject of a previous request for information, in response to which this office issued Open Record Letter No. 2005-10470 (2005). As the submitted information is identical to the information previously requested and ruled upon by this office, we conclude that, as we have no indication that the law, facts, and circumstances on which the prior rulings were based have changed, the city must continue to rely on this ruling as a previous determination and withhold or release this information in accordance with Open Record Letter No. 2005-10470 (2005). *See* Open Records Decision No. 673 (2001) (so long as law, facts, and circumstances on which prior ruling was based have not changed, first type of previous determination exists where requested information is precisely same information as was addressed in a prior attorney general ruling, ruling is addressed to same governmental body, and ruling concludes that information is or is not excepted from disclosure).

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

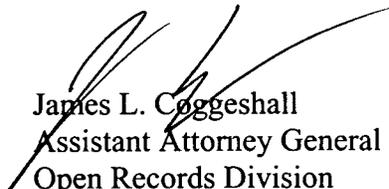
If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Office of the Attorney General at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



James L. Coggeshall
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

JLC/jpa

Ref: ID# 238661

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Ms. Delma Saenz
2407 Seminole
Baytown, Texas 77521-9771
(w/o enclosures)