



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

June 16, 2006

Mr. Robert D. Simpson  
Assistant General Counsel  
Texas Medical Board  
P.O. Box 2018, MC-251  
Austin, Texas 78768-2018

OR2006-06399

Dear Mr. Simpson:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 251730.

The Texas Medical Board (the "board") received a request for all information regarding the requestor's "application for licensure in 1980 and the subsequent pro-forma hearing and board action in 1981." You state that the board has provided the requestor a copy of the public verification/physician profile information, including any disciplinary action, and other information the board believes is not excepted from required public disclosure.<sup>1</sup> You also state that some of the requested information has been destroyed in accordance with the board's records retention policy.<sup>2</sup> You claim that the submitted information is excepted from

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<sup>1</sup>Although the physician at issue is apparently not licensed in Texas, we note that the Texas Medical Practice Act requires the board to make public certain information concerning physicians licensed in this state. See Occ. Code §§ 154.004 (requiring board to make public on request summary of any previous disciplinary board order against specific physician licensed in Texas), .006 (requiring board's compilation of physician profiles in format easily available to the public).

<sup>2</sup>We note that the Act does not require a governmental body to disclose information that did not exist at the time the request was received. *Econ. Opportunities Dev. Corp. v. Bustamante*, 562 S.W.2d 266 (Tex. Civ. App.—San Antonio 1978, writ dismissed); Open Records Decision No. 452 at 3 (1986).

disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.<sup>3</sup>

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from required public disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This exception encompasses information that another statute makes confidential. You contend that the submitted information is confidential under section 164.007(c) of the Occupations Code, which provides as follows:

(c) Each complaint, adverse report, investigation file, other investigation report, and other investigative information in the possession of or received or gathered by the board or its employees or agents relating to a license holder, an application for license, or a criminal investigation or proceeding is privileged and confidential and is not subject to discovery, subpoena, or other means of legal compulsion for release to anyone other than the board or its employees or agents involved in discipline of a license holder. For purposes of this subsection, investigative information includes information relating to the identity of, and a report made by, a physician performing or supervising compliance monitoring for the board.

Occ. Code § 164.007(c). Section 164.007(c) is applicable to investigatory records compiled by the board during an investigation of an application for license. You state that the submitted documents consist of investigative information received or gathered by the board that relates to an application for license. Based on your representations and our review of the information at issue, we conclude that the submitted information is confidential under section 164.007(c) of the Occupations Code. You do not inform us that the board is authorized to release such information to this requestor. *See id.* 164.007(d), (f)-(h). Accordingly, the board must withhold the submitted information under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 164.007(c) of the Occupations Code.

You also ask this office to issue a previous determination that would permit the board to withhold all investigative information in a licensure file under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 164.007(c) of the Occupations Code. *See* Gov't Code § 552.301(a); Open Records Decision No. 673 (2001). We decline to issue a previous determination at this time. Accordingly, this letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

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<sup>3</sup> We assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach and, therefore, does not authorize the withholding of any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Office of the Attorney General at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



Caroline E. Cho  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

CEC/sdk

Ref: ID# 251730

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Dr. Nicholas Nillo  
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(w/o enclosures)