



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

December 6, 2007

Mr. Jesús Toscano
Assistant City Attorney
City of Dallas
1500 Marilla Street, Room 7DN
Dallas, Texas 75201

OR2007-16108

Dear Mr. Toscano:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 296531.

The City of Dallas (the "city") received a request the "first and last name, mailing/resident address, and date of incident for recipients of tickets from red light cameras" in the city during a specified time period. You claim that a portion of the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.130 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.¹

Initially, we note that request does not include Texas license plate numbers among the specific categories of information requested. Thus, the Texas license plate numbers that you have highlighted are not responsive to the request. Information that is not responsive to this request need not be released, and we do not address these license plate numbers in this ruling.

¹We assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. See Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure “information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision.” Gov’t Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses section 730.004 of the Transportation Code, which provides that “[n]otwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, including chapter 552, Government Code, except as provided by Sections 730.005 -730.007, an agency may not disclose personal information about any person obtained by the agency in connection with a motor vehicle record.” Transp. Code § 730.004. *See also id.* § 730.003(4) (defining motor vehicle record to include a record that pertains to a motor vehicle operator’s or driver’s license or permit, motor vehicle registration, motor vehicle title, or identification document issued by an agency of this state). Section 552.101 also encompasses section 730.013,² which provides that for purposes of chapter 730 of the Transportation Code:

(a) An authorized recipient of personal information may not resell or redisclose the personal information in the identical or a substantially identical format the personal information [sic] was disclosed to the recipient by the applicable agency.

(b) An authorized recipient of personal information may resell or redisclose the information only for a use permitted under Section 730.007.

(c) Any authorized recipient who resells or rediscloses personal information obtained from an agency shall be required by that agency to:

(1) maintain for a period of not less than five years records as to any person or entity receiving that information and the permitted use for which it was obtained; and

(2) provide copies of those records to the agency on request.

(d) A person commits an offense if the person violates this section. An offense under this subsection is a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed \$25,000.

Id. § 730.013. You state that the city contracts with a third party ACS State and Local Solutions, Inc. (“ACS”), for “hosting and associated services to support the outsourcing of the operations and maintenance of computer applications forming a red light camera enforcement hosted system.” The documentation that you have submitted indicates that ACS obtains license plate numbers of vehicles that proceed through intersections against the light, and then uses the license plate numbers to obtain additional motor vehicle record information

²The Office of the Attorney General will raise a mandatory exception on behalf of a governmental body, but ordinarily will not raise other exceptions. Open Records Decision Nos. 481 (1987), 480 (1987), 470 (1987).

from the Texas Department of Transportation (“TXDOT”). We note that TXDOT is an agency under section 730.003(1) that obtains or compiles motor vehicle records. We further note that the names of the owners of Texas registered vehicles obtained by ACS from TXDOT are considered personal information under section 730.003(6). *See id.* §730.003(6) (personal information means information that identifies a person, including an individual’s photograph or computerized image, social security number, driver identification number, name, address, but not the zip code, telephone number, and medical or disability information). Accordingly, we find that, by obtaining motor vehicle information from TXDOT to assist the city in carrying out its functions, ACS is an authorized recipient of personal information for purposes of section 730.013. *See id.* § 730.007(a)(2)(A)(ii) (authorized recipient includes a private entity acting on behalf of a government agency in carrying out the agency’s functions).

Based upon your representations and our review of the information at issue, we conclude that, because the names and addresses of owners of Texas registered vehicles were obtained from TXDOT by an authorized recipient, and because this information is in the identical or substantially identical format that it was received by ACS from TXDOT, the names and addresses of owners of Texas registered vehicles are confidential under section 730.013(a) of the Transportation Code. Accordingly, as we have no indication that release of this information would be for a use permitted under section 730.007, we conclude that the information you have highlighted must be withheld under section 552.101 of the Government Code.³

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov’t Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must file suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such a challenge, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the

³As our ruling is dispositive, we need not address your remaining arguments against the disclosure of this information.

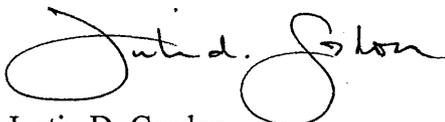
statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can challenge that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Office of the Attorney General at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



Justin D. Gordon
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

JDG/jh

Ref: ID# 296531

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Mr. Marcus Gill
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(w/o enclosures)