



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

December 17, 2007

Ms. Carol Longoria  
Public Information Coordinator  
The University of Texas System  
201 West Seventh Street  
Austin, Texas 78701-2902

OR2007-16665

Dear Ms. Longoria:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 297436.

The University of Texas Health Science Center at San Antonio (the "university") received a request for eight categories of information: (1 - 3) e-mails on all hard drives used by three named individuals, (4) all Institutional Biosafety Committee registration forms from October 1, 2004 to the present, (5) all 'Contaminated Sharps Injury Report' forms from January 1, 2003 to the present, (6) all 'Employee Exposure Notifications & Medical Evaluation Option' forms from January 1, 2003 to the present, (7) all 'in vivo lab containment evaluation' forms from January 1, 2003 to the present, and (8) all 'in vitro lab containment evaluation' forms from January 1, 2003 to the present.<sup>1</sup> You state that the university has no information responsive to categories 5 and 6.<sup>2</sup> You claim that some of the

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<sup>1</sup>You inform this office that the university is seeking clarification regarding categories 1-3 of the request. Accordingly, should the requestor respond to the request for clarification, the university must seek a ruling from this office before withholding any responsive information from him. *See generally* Open Records Decision No. 633 (1999) (providing for tolling of ten-business-day deadline to request attorney general decision while governmental body awaits clarification).

<sup>2</sup>We note that the Act does not require a governmental body to release information that did not exist when a request for information was received or to prepare new information in response to a request. *See Econ. Opportunities Dev. Corp v. Bustamante*, 562 S.W.2d 266, 267-68 (Tex. Civ. App.—San Antonio 1978, writ dismissed); Open Records Decision Nos. 605 at 2 (1992), 452 at 3 (1986), 362 at 2 (1983).

submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.<sup>3</sup>

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure “information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision.” Gov’t Code § 552.101. This exception encompasses information that other statutes make confidential. You contend that Tab 5 is confidential under section 161.032 of the Health and Safety Code. Section 161.032(a) makes confidential the “records and proceedings of a medical committee.” Health & Safety Code § 161.032(a). A “medical committee” is defined as any committee, including a joint committee of a hospital, medical organization, university medical school or health science center, health maintenance organization, or extended care facility. *See id.* § 161.031(a). The term also encompasses “a committee appointed ad hoc to conduct a specific investigation or established under state or federal law or rule or under the bylaws or rules of the organization or institution.” *Id.* § 161.031(b).

The precise scope of the “medical committee” provision has been the subject of a number of judicial decisions. *See Memorial Hosp.—The Woodlands v. McCown*, 927 S.W.2d 1 (Tex. 1996) (orig. proceeding); *Barnes v. Whittington*, 751 S.W.2d 493 (Tex. 1988) (orig. proceeding); *Jordan v. Fourth Supreme Judicial Dist.*, 701 S.W.2d 644 (Tex. 1986) (orig. proceeding); *Hood v. Phillips*, 554 S.W.2d 160 (Tex. 1977); *Texarkana Memorial Hosp., Inc. v. Jones*, 551 S.W.2d 33 (Tex. 1977) (orig. proceeding); *McAllen Methodist Hosp. v. Ramirez*, 855 S.W.2d 195 (Tex. App.—Corpus Christi 1993, orig. proceeding), *overruled on other grounds by Memorial Hosp.—The Woodlands v. McCown*, 927 S.W.2d 1 (Tex. 1996); *Doctor’s Hosp. v. West*, 765 S.W.2d 812 (Tex. App.—Houston [1st Dist.] 1988, orig. proceeding); *Goodspeed v. Street*, 747 S.W.2d 526 (Tex. App.—Fort Worth 1988, orig. proceeding). These cases establish that “documents generated by the committee in order to conduct open and thorough review” are confidential. This protection extends “to documents that have been prepared by or at the direction of the committee for committee purposes.” *Jordan*, 701 S.W.2d at 647-48. Protection does not extend to documents “gratuitously submitted to a committee” or “created without committee impetus and purpose.” *Id.* at 648; *see also* Open Records Decision No. 591 (1991) (construing statutory predecessor to Health & Safety Code § 161.032).

You seek to withhold Tab 5 of the submitted information under section 161.032. You state that Tab 5 consists of records of the university’s Institutional Biosafety Committee (the “IBC”). You explain that the IBC oversees and approves certain research protocols. Based on your representations, we agree that the IBC is a “medical committee” for the purposes of

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<sup>3</sup>We assume that the “representative sample” of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

section 161.032. Therefore, having considered your arguments and reviewed Tab 5, we conclude that the university must withhold this information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 161.032 of the Health and Safety Code.

Section 552.101 also encompasses section 51.914 of the Education Code, which provides in part:

In order to protect the actual or potential value, the following information shall be confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure under [the Act], or otherwise:

(1) all information relating to a product, device, or process, the application or use of such a product, device, or process, and all technological and scientific information (including computer programs) developed in whole or in part at a state institution of higher education, regardless of whether patentable or capable of being registered under copyright or trademark laws, that have a potential for being sold, traded, or licensed for a fee; [or]

(2) any information relating to a product, device, or process, the application or use of such product, device, or process, and any technological and scientific information (including computer programs) that is the proprietary information of a person, partnership, corporation, or federal agency that has been disclosed to an institution of higher education solely for the purposes of a written research contract or grant that contains a provision prohibiting the institution of higher education from disclosing such proprietary information to third persons or parties[.]

Educ. Code § 51.914(1)-(2). As noted in Open Records Decision No. 651 (1997), the legislature is silent as to how this office or a court is to determine whether particular scientific information has “a potential for being sold, traded, or licensed for a fee.” Furthermore, whether particular scientific information has such a potential is a question of fact that this office is unable to resolve in the opinion process. *See id.* Thus, this office has stated that in considering whether requested information has “a potential for being sold, traded, or licensed for a fee,” we will rely on a university’s assertion that the information has this potential. *See id.* *But see id.* at 10 (university’s determination that information has potential for being sold, traded, or licensed for fee is subject to judicial review). We note that section 51.914 is not applicable to working titles of experiments or other information that does not reveal the details of the research. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 557 at 3 (1990), 497 at 6-7 (1988). Moreover, section 51.914 is applicable only to information “developed in whole or in part at a state institution of higher education.” Educ. Code § 51.914(1).

You state that the information you have marked in Tab 6 relates to a product, device, or process developed by university researchers that has the potential for being sold, traded, or licensed for a fee. You further state that this information reveals the substance of the research. Based on your representations and our review of the submitted information, we conclude that the university must withhold the information you have marked in Tab 6 under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 51.914 of the Education Code.

In summary, the university must withhold Tab 5 under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 161.032 of the Health and Safety Code. The university must withhold the information you have marked in Tab 6 under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 51.914 of the Education Code. The remaining information in Tab 6 must be released to the requestor.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must file suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such a challenge, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

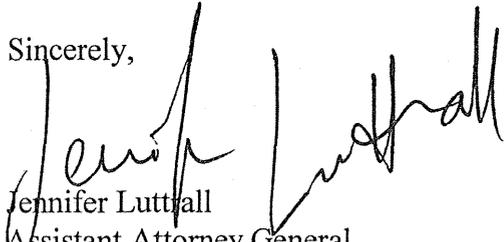
If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can challenge that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Office of the Attorney General at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



Jennifer Luttrall  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

JL/eeg

Ref: ID# 297436

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Mr. Edward Hammond  
The Sunshine Project  
P.O. Box 41987  
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(w/o enclosures)