



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

August 6, 2008

Ms. Carol Longoria  
Public Information Coordinator  
The University of Texas System  
Office of General Counsel  
210 West Seventh Street  
Austin, Texas 78701-2902

OR2008-10717

Dear Ms. Longoria:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 318082.

The University of Texas at Austin (the "university") received a request for several categories of information regarding the Roy F. And Joann Cole Mitte Foundation (the "Mitte Foundation"). You state that you have no information responsive to a portion of the request.<sup>1</sup> You claim that the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.1235 and 552.137 of the Government Code. You also indicate that release of the submitted information may implicate the proprietary interests of the Mitte Foundation. Accordingly, you have notified the Mitte Foundation of the request and of its right to submit arguments to this office as to why the requested information should not be released. *See* Gov't Code § 552.305(d); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 542 (1990) (determining that statutory predecessor to section 552.305 permits governmental body to rely on interested third party to raise and explain applicability of exception in Act in certain circumstances).

---

<sup>1</sup>The Act does not require a governmental body that receives a request for information to create information that did not exist when the request was received. *See Econ. Opportunities Dev. Corp. v. Bustamante*, 562 S.W.2d 266 (Tex. Civ. App.—San Antonio 1978, writ dismissed); Open Records Decision Nos. 605 at 2 (1992), 563 at 8 (1990), 555 at 1-2 (1990).

We have received correspondence from the Mitte Foundation. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.1235(a) of the Government Code excepts "the name or other information that would tend to disclose the identity of a person, other than a governmental body, who makes a gift, grant, or donation of money or property to an institution of higher education[.]" However, this section does not except from disclosure the amount or value of an individual gift, grant, or donation. *See* Gov't Code § 552.1235(b). "Institution of higher education" is defined by section 61.003 of the Education Code. *Id.* § 552.1235(c). Section 61.003 defines an "institution of higher education" as meaning "any public technical institute, public junior college, public senior college or university, medical or dental unit, public state college, or other agency of higher education as defined in this section." Educ. Code § 61.003(8). Because section 552.1235 does not provide a definition of "person," we look to the definition provided in the Code Construction Act. *See* Gov't Code § 311.005. "Person" includes a corporation, organization, government or governmental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, and any other legal entity. *Id.* § 311.005(2).

The university and the Mitte Foundation seek to withhold the submitted correspondence between the university and the Mitte Foundation under section 552.1235. We note, however, that the university itself temporarily renamed the university's business honors program after the Mitte Foundation and released the Mitte Foundation's name to the public. Accordingly, we find that the donors have previously granted the university permission to reveal their identities. Therefore, the university may not withhold any of the information at issue under section 552.1235 of the Government Code.

You assert that the submitted information contains e-mail addresses that are excepted from disclosure under section 552.137 of the Government Code. This section excepts from disclosure "an e-mail address of a member of the public that is provided for the purpose of communicating electronically with a governmental body" unless the member of the public consents to its release or the e-mail address is of a type specifically excluded by subsection (c). *See* Gov't Code § 552.137(a)-(c). The marked e-mail addresses are not a type specifically excluded by section 552.137(c). You do not inform us that the university has received consent for the release of the e-mail addresses at issue. Therefore, the university must withhold the marked e-mail addresses under section 552.137 of the Government Code. As you raise no other exceptions to disclosure, the remaining submitted information must be released to the requestor.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited

from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must file suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such a challenge, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3). If the governmental body does not file suit over this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

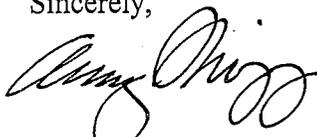
If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can challenge that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Office of the Attorney General at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



Amy L.S. Shipp  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

ALS/jb

Ref: ID# 318082

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Mr. Steven Kreytak  
Austin American-Statesman  
305 South Congress Avenue  
Austin, Texas 78704  
(w/o enclosures)