



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

GREG ABBOTT

September 10, 2008

Ms. Cynthia Villarreal-Reyna
Section Chief, Agency Counsel
Legal & Compliance Division
Texas Department of Insurance
P.O. Box 149104
Austin, Texas 78714-9104

OR2008-12474

Dear Ms. Villarreal-Reyna:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 323052.

The Texas Department of Insurance (the "department") received a request for America First Insurance Company ("AFI") rate filings. You state that some of the requested information is excepted under section 552.137 of the Government Code. AFI also asserts, in correspondence to this office, that its information is excepted under sections 552.110 and 552.137 of the Government Code. *See* Gov't Code § 552.305(d); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 542 at 3 (1990) (statutory predecessor to section 552.305 permits governmental body to rely on interested third party to raise and explain applicability of exception in the Act in certain circumstances). We have reviewed the submitted arguments and information.

Initially, we note that the requestor does "not wish to view information that is confidential such as email addresses." Thus, the email addresses in the submitted information are not responsive to the request for information. This ruling does not address the public availability of any information that is not responsive to the request, and the department is not required to release this information, which you have marked, in response to this request.

Next, the department acknowledges, and we agree, that you failed to comply with the procedural requirements of section 552.301 of the Government Code. A governmental

body's failure to comply with the procedural requirements of section 552.301 results in the legal presumption that the requested information is public and must be released unless the governmental body demonstrates a compelling reason to withhold the information from disclosure. *See* Gov't Code § 552.302; *Hancock v. State Bd. of Ins.*, 797 S.W.2d 379, 381-82 (Tex. App.—Austin 1990, no writ); Open Records Decision No. 319 (1982). The presumption that information is public under section 552.302 can generally be overcome by demonstrating that the information is confidential by law or third-party interests are at stake. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 630 at 3 (1994), 325 at 2 (1982). The interests of AFI can provide a compelling reason to overcome this presumption; therefore, we will consider whether the submitted information is excepted from disclosure on that ground.

We must next address the applicability of section 2251.107 of the Insurance Code to the submitted information. Section 2251.107 states that “[e]ach filing made, and any supporting information filed, under this chapter is open to public inspection as of the date of the filing.” Ins. Code § 2251.107. The department informs us that the requested rate filings pertain to private passenger automobile lines of insurances. The department also explains that, because section 2251.107 applies to personal and commercial automobile insurance, this section applies to the submitted documents. AFI asserts that its information is excepted under section 552.110 of the Government Code; however, information that is specifically made public by statute may not be withheld from the public under any of the exceptions to public disclosure under the Act. *See, e.g.*, Open Records Decision Nos. 544 (1990), 378 (1983), 161 (1977), 146 (1976). Thus, the department must release the submitted responsive information to the requestor pursuant to section 2251.107 of the Insurance Code.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must file suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such a challenge, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3). If the governmental body does not file suit over this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the

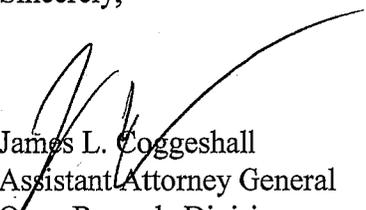
Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can challenge that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Office of the Attorney General at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



James L. Coggeshall
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

JLC/ma

Ref: ID# 323052

Enc. Submitted documents

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