



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

December 22, 2008

Ms. Barbara M. Adan
Records Management Officer
Bexar Appraisal District
P.O. Box 830248
San Antonio, Texas 78283-0248

OR2008-17370

Dear Ms. Adan:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 331026.

The Bexar Appraisal District (the "district") received a request for the "Dealer's Monthly Inventory Tax Reports and Dealer's Motor Vehicle Inventory Declarations" submitted by a specified business over a particular time period. You claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.¹

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This section encompasses information made confidential by statute, such as section 23.123 of the Tax Code, which provides in relevant part:

¹We assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. See Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

(a) In this section:

...

(4) "Declaration" has the meaning given it in Section 23.122 of this code.

...

(6) "Statement" has the meaning given it in Section 23.122 of this code.

(b) Except as provided by this section, a declaration or statement filed with a chief appraiser or collector as required by Section 23.121 or Section 23.122 of this code is confidential and not open to public inspection. A declaration or statement and the information contained in either may not be disclosed to anyone except an employee of the appraisal office who appraises the property or to an employee of the county tax assessor-collector involved in the maintenance of the owner's escrow account.

(c) Information made confidential by this section may be disclosed:

(1) in a judicial or administrative proceeding pursuant to a lawful subpoena;

(2) to the person who filed the declaration or statement or to that person's representative authorized by the person in writing to receive the information;

(3) to the comptroller or an employee of the comptroller authorized by the comptroller to receive the information;

(4) to a collector or chief appraiser;

(5) to a district attorney, criminal district attorney or county attorney involved in the enforcement of a penalty imposed pursuant to Section 23.121 or Section 23.122 of this code;

(6) for statistical purposes if in a form that does not identify specific property or a specific property owner;

(7) if and to the extent that the information is required for inclusion in a public document or record that the appraisal or collection office is required by law to prepare or maintain; or

(8) to the Texas Department of Transportation for use by that department in auditing compliance of its licensees with appropriate provisions of applicable law.

Tax Code § 23.123(a)(4), (a)(6), (b), (c). To reiterate, section 23.123(a) provides that the terms "declaration" and "statement" have the meanings given to those terms in section 23.122 of the Tax Code. We note that section 23.122(a)(5) of the Tax Code states “[d]eclaration” has the meaning given it in section 23.121.” *Id.* § 23.122(a)(5). Section 23.121(a)(6) defines “declaration” as the Dealer’s Motor Vehicle Inventory Declaration form required by section 23.121. *Id.* § 23.121(a)(6), (f). Further, section 23.122(a)(9) of the Tax Code defines “statement” as the Dealer’s Motor Vehicle Inventory Tax Statement required by section 23.122. *Id.* § 23.122(a)(9), (e), (f). You indicate, and the submitted documents reflect, that the submitted information consists of Dealer’s Motor Vehicle Inventory Tax Statements and a Dealer’s Motor Vehicle Inventory Declaration form as defined by section 23.122 that were submitted to the district pursuant to sections 23.121 and 23.122 of the Tax Code. You inform this office that there is no indication the requestor has a right of access in this instance under section 23.123(c) of the Tax Code. Accordingly, we find the submitted information is confidential pursuant to section 23.123(b) of the Tax Code and must be withheld from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. As our ruling is dispositive, we need not address your remaining argument against disclosure.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov’t Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must file suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such a challenge, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3). If the governmental body does not file suit over this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

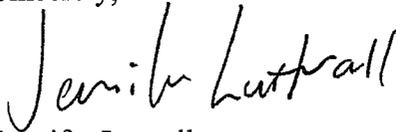
If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general’s Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can challenge that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Texas Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Office of the Attorney General at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,



Jennifer Luttrall
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

JL/eeg

Ref: ID# 331026

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)