



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

May 21, 2009

Mr. Gregory A. Alicie  
Open Records Specialist  
Baytown Police Department  
3200 North Main Street  
Baytown, Texas 77521

OR2009-06955

Dear Mr. Alicie:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 343973.

The Baytown Police Department (the "department") received a request for a specified incident report. You claim that portions of the submitted information are excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.147 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from public disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code §.552.101. This section encompasses the common-law right of privacy, which protects information that is (1) highly intimate or embarrassing, such that its release would be highly objectionable to a reasonable person, and (2) not of legitimate concern to the public. *Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd.*, 540 S.W.2d 668 (Tex. 1976). The types of information considered intimate and embarrassing by the Texas Supreme Court in *Industrial Foundation* included information relating to sexual assault, pregnancy, mental or physical abuse in the workplace, illegitimate children, psychiatric treatment of mental disorders, attempted suicide, and injuries to sexual organs. *Id.* at 683. This office has found that some kinds of medical information or information indicating disabilities or specific illnesses are excepted from required public disclosure under common-law privacy. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 470 (1987) (illness from severe emotional and job-related stress), 455

(1987) (prescription drugs, illnesses, operations, and physical handicaps). Upon review, we have marked information that is highly intimate or embarrassing and not of legitimate public concern. The department must withhold the marked information pursuant to section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. You have failed to demonstrate, however, how the remaining information you have marked is highly intimate or embarrassing and of no legitimate public concern. Accordingly, you may not withhold the remaining information you have marked under section 552.101 in conjunction with common-law privacy.

Section 552.101 also encompasses constitutional privacy. Constitutional privacy consists of two interrelated types of privacy: (1) the right to make certain kinds of decisions independently and (2) an individual's interest in avoiding disclosure of personal matters. Open Records Decision No. 455 at 4 (1987). The first type protects an individual's autonomy within "zones of privacy," which include matters related to marriage, procreation, contraception, family relationships, and child rearing and education. *Id.* The second type of constitutional privacy requires a balancing between the individual's privacy interests and the public's need to know information of public concern. *Id.* The scope of information protected is narrower than that under the common-law doctrine of privacy; the information must concern the "most intimate aspects of human affairs." *Id.* at 5 (citing *Ramie v. City of Hedwig Village, Texas*, 765 F.2d 490 (5th Cir. 1985)). In Open Records Decision No. 430 (1985), our office determined that the list of inmate visitors is protected by constitutional privacy because people have a First Amendment right to correspond with prisoners, and the release of that information would threaten that right. We have marked inmate visitor information that the department must withhold under section 552.101 in conjunction with constitutional privacy.

We note that a portion of the remaining information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.130 of the Government Code, which excepts from disclosure information that relates to a Texas motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or a Texas motor vehicle title or registration.<sup>1</sup> Gov't Code § 552.130(a)(1), (2). The department must withhold the Texas driver's license information and Texas motor vehicle record information we have marked under section 552.130.

You also claim that the partial social security numbers you have highlighted in green are excepted from disclosure under section 552.147 of the Government Code. Section 552.147 of the Government Code authorizes a governmental body to redact "[t]he social security number of a living person." *Id.* § 552.147. Upon review, we agree that the department may

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<sup>1</sup>The Office of the Attorney General will raise a mandatory exception on behalf of a governmental body, but ordinarily will not raise other exceptions. See Open Records Decision Nos. 481 (1987), 480 (1987), 470 (1987).

withhold the partial social security numbers you have highlighted in green under section 552.147 of the Government Code.

In summary, the department must withhold the information we have marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy and constitutional privacy. The department must also withhold the information we have marked under section 552.130 of the Government Code. The department may withhold the information you have highlighted in green under section 552.147 of the Government Code. The remaining information must be released.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at [http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index\\_orl.php](http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php), or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General at (512) 475-2497.

Sincerely,



Greg Henderson  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

GH/rl

Ref: ID#343973

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor  
(w/o enclosures)