



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

June 24, 2009

Ms. Katie Lentz
Open Records
Williamson County Sheriff's Office
508 South Rock Street
Georgetown, Texas 78626

OR2009-08678

Dear Ms. Lentz:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 346818.

The Williamson County Sheriff's Office (the "sheriff") received a request for all reports, including officer narratives, pertaining to a named individual during a specified period of time. You state you have released some of the responsive documents to the requestor. You claim that the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101, 552.108, and 552.130 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.¹

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses the doctrine of common-law privacy, which protects information if (1) the information contains highly intimate or embarrassing facts, the publication of which would be highly objectionable to a reasonable person, and (2) the information is not of legitimate concern to the public. *Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd.*, 540 S.W.2d 668, 685 (Tex. 1976). To demonstrate the applicability of common-law privacy, both prongs of this test must be satisfied. *Id.* at 681-82. A compilation of an individual's criminal history is highly embarrassing information, the publication of which would be highly objectionable to a reasonable person. *Cf. United States Dep't of Justice v. Reporters Comm. for Freedom of the Press*, 489 U.S. 749, 764 (1989) (when considering prong regarding individual's privacy interest, court recognized distinction between public

¹We assume that the "representative sample" of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. See Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach, and therefore does not authorize the withholding of, any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

records found in courthouse files and local police stations and compiled summary of information and noted that individual has significant privacy interest in compilation of one's criminal history). Furthermore, we find that a compilation of a private citizen's criminal history is generally not of legitimate concern to the public. We note, however, that records relating to routine traffic violations are not considered criminal history record information. Cf. Gov't Code § 411.082(2)(B) (criminal history record information does not include driving record information).

In this instance, the request is for all reports pertaining to a named individual during a specified time period. We find that this request requires the sheriff to compile unspecified law enforcement records concerning the named individual. Such a request implicates the named individual's privacy rights. Thus, to the extent the sheriff maintains law enforcement records depicting the named individual as either a suspect, arrestee, or criminal defendant, the sheriff must withhold any such information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy.

However, you have submitted information that does not relate to the named individual as a suspect, arrestee, or criminal defendant. You have also submitted information that relates to routine traffic violations. These reports do not implicate the privacy interests of the named individual. Thus, we will address your arguments against the disclosure of this information.

You argue that some of the submitted information contains information protected by common-law privacy. As noted above, common-law privacy protects the specific types of information that the Texas Supreme Court held to be intimate or embarrassing in *Industrial Foundation*. See 540 S.W.2d at 683 (information relating to sexual assault, pregnancy, mental or physical abuse in the workplace, illegitimate children, psychiatric treatment of mental disorders, attempted suicide, and injuries to sexual organs). This office has since concluded that other types of information also are private under section 552.101. See Open Records Decision Nos. 659 at 4-5 (1999) (summarizing information attorney general has determined to be private), 470 at 4 (1987) (illness from severe emotional job-related stress), 455 at 9 (1987) (prescription drugs, illnesses, operations, and physical handicaps), 343 at 1-2 (1982) (references in emergency medical records to a drug overdose, acute alcohol intoxication, obstetrical/gynecological illness, convulsions/seizures, or emotional/mental distress). Generally, only highly intimate information that implicates the privacy of an individual is withheld. However, in certain instances, where the requestor knows the identity of the individual at issue and the nature of the incident, the entire report must be withheld to protect the individual's privacy. Here, although you seek to withhold report number C09-03-7182 in its entirety, you have not demonstrated, nor does it otherwise appear, that this is a situation where the entire report must be withheld on the basis of common-law privacy. However, upon review, we agree that some of the submitted information is highly intimate and embarrassing and of no legitimate public interest. Therefore, the sheriff must withhold this information, which we have marked, under section 552.101 in conjunction with common-law privacy. However, no portion of the remaining information is highly intimate or embarrassing and of no legitimate public interest.

Accordingly, the sheriff may not withhold any of the remaining information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses section 58.007 of the Family Code. Juvenile law enforcement records relating to conduct that occurred on or after September 1, 1997, are confidential under section 58.007. For purposes of section 58.007, "child" means a person who is ten years of age or older and under seventeen years of age. *See* Fam. Code § 51.02(2). The relevant language of section 58.007(c) reads as follows:

(c) Except as provided by Subsection (d), law enforcement records and files concerning a child and information stored, by electronic means or otherwise, concerning the child from which a record or file could be generated may not be disclosed to the public and shall be:

(1) if maintained on paper or microfilm, kept separate from adult files and records;

(2) if maintained electronically in the same computer system as records or files relating to adults, be accessible under controls that are separate and distinct from controls to access electronic data concerning adults; and

(3) maintained on a local basis only and not sent to a central state or federal depository, except as provided by Subchapter B.

Id. § 58.007(c). You assert that section 58.007 is applicable to report number C03-05-5764J. We note that report number C03-05-5764J involves juvenile delinquent conduct occurring after September 1, 1997. *See id.* §§ 51.03(a) (defining "juvenile delinquent conduct" for the purposes of section 58.007). None of the exceptions in section 58.007 appear to apply. Accordingly, the sheriff must withhold report number C03-05-5764J under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 58.007(c) of the Family Code.²

You raise section 552.130 of the Government Code for portions of the remaining information. Section 552.130 provides that information relating to a motor vehicle operator's license, driver's license, motor vehicle title, or registration issued by a Texas agency is excepted from public release. Gov't Code § 552.130(a)(1), (2). Thus, the sheriff must withhold the Texas motor vehicle record information you have marked pursuant to section 552.130.

²As our ruling is dispositive of this information, we need not address your remaining argument against its disclosure.

In summary, to the extent the sheriff maintains law enforcement records depicting the named individual as either a suspect, arrestee, or criminal defendant, the sheriff must withhold any such information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. The sheriff must withhold the information we have marked under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy and section 58.007 of the Family Code. The sheriff must also withhold the information you have marked under section 552.130 of the Government Code. The remaining information must be released.³

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php, or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General at (512) 475-2497.

Sincerely,



Sarah Casterline
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

SEC/jb

Ref: ID# 346818

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)

³We note the remaining information contains social security numbers. Section 552.147(b) of the Government Code authorizes a governmental body to redact a living person's social security number from public release without the necessity of requesting a decision from this office under the Act. Gov't Code § 552.147.