



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

December 22, 2009

Mr. B. Chase Griffin  
Brown & Hofmeister, L.L.P.  
740 East Campbell Road, Suite 800  
Richardson, Texas 75081

OR2009-18124

Dear Mr. Griffin:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 365341.

The Town of Flower Mound (the "town"), which you represent, received a request for a specified police report. You claim the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses section 261.201 of the Family Code, which provides as follows:

(a) [T]he following information is confidential, is not subject to public release under [the Act] and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with this code and applicable federal or state law or under rules adopted by an investigating agency:

(1) a report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect made under this chapter and the identity of the person making the report; and

(2) except as otherwise provided in this section, the files, reports, records, communications, audiotapes, videotapes, and working papers used or developed in an investigation under this chapter or in providing services as a result of an investigation.

...

(k) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), an investigating agency, other than the [Department of Family and Protective Services] or the Texas Youth Commission, on request, shall provide to the parent, managing conservator, or other legal representative of a child who is the subject of reported abuse or neglect, or to the child if the child is at least 18 years of age, information concerning the reported abuse or neglect that would otherwise be confidential under this section. The investigating agency shall withhold information under this subsection if the parent, managing conservator, or other legal representative of the child requesting the information is alleged to have committed the abuse or neglect.

(l) Before a child or a parent, managing conservator, or other legal representative of a child may inspect or copy a record or file concerning the child under Subsection (k), the custodian of the record or file must redact:

...

(2) any information that is excepted from required disclosure under [the Act], or other law; and

(3) the identity of the person who made the report.

Fam. Code § 261.201(a), (k), (l). You assert the submitted police report was used or developed during an investigation of alleged child abuse. *See id.* § 261.001(1) (defining “abuse” for purposes of Fam. Code ch. 261). Based on your representation and our review, we find the submitted report is generally confidential under section 261.201 of the Family Code. *See id.* § 261.201(a). In this instance, however, the requestor is the parent of the child listed in the report, and the requestor is not alleged to have committed the suspected abuse. As such, the submitted report may not be withheld from this requestor under section 261.201(a). *Id.* § 261.201(k) (providing a child’s parent can obtain information that is subject to section 261.201(a) concerning reported abuse or neglect of the child as long as the parent is not alleged to have committed the abuse or neglect). Section 261.201(1)(2) provides, however, that, notwithstanding section 261.201(k), any information that is excepted from required disclosure under the Act or other law may still be withheld from disclosure. *Id.* § 261.201(1)(2). You assert the submitted report is excepted from public disclosure under

section 552.108 of the Government Code. Accordingly, we will consider your remaining argument against disclosure.

Section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code excepts from disclosure “[i]nformation held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime . . . if . . . release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime[.]” Gov’t Code § 552.108(a)(1). A governmental body must reasonably explain how and why section 552.108 is applicable to the information at issue. *See id.* § 552.301(e)(1)(A); *Ex parte Pruitt*, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977). You state the release of the submitted report would interfere with a pending criminal investigation. Based upon your representation and our review, we find the release of this report would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime. *See Houston Chronicle Publ’g Co. v. City of Houston*, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1975), *writ ref’d n.r.e. per curiam*, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976) (court delineates law enforcement interests that are present in active cases).

Section 552.108, however, does not except from disclosure basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime. Gov’t Code § 552.108(c). Basic information refers to the information held to be public in *Houston Chronicle* and includes the identity of the complainant and a detailed description of the offense. *See* Open Records Decision No. 127 at 3-4 (1976) (summarizing types of information deemed public by *Houston Chronicle*). In this instance, we find the reporting party to be the complainant. Section 261.201(l)(3) of the Family Code states, however, the reporting party’s identity must be redacted. *See* Fam. Code § 261.201(l)(3). Therefore, with the exception of basic information, the town may withhold the submitted report under section 552.108(a)(1). However, in releasing basic information, the town may not release the marked information. The remaining basic information must be released to the requestor.<sup>1</sup>

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at [http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index\\_orl.php](http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php), or call the Office of the Attorney General’s Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public

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<sup>1</sup>In this instance, the requestor has a special right of access pursuant to section 261.201(k) of the Family Code to the information being released. If the town receives another request for this same information from an individual who does not have a right of access to the information, the town should resubmit the information to us and request another ruling. *See* Gov’t Code §§ 552.301, 302; Open Records Decision No. 673 (2001).

information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "J Eales".

Jessica Eales  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

JCE/sdk

Ref: ID# 365341

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor  
(w/o enclosures)