



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

February 4, 2010

Ms. Ilse Bailey
Kerr County Attorney
700 Main Street
County Courthouse, Suite BA-103
Kerrville, Texas 78028

OR2010-01723

Dear Ms. Bailey:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 369332.

The Kerr County Sheriff's Department (the "department") received a request for a specified report. You claim that the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.103 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

We note the submitted information is subject to section 552.022 of the Government Code. Section 552.022(a) provides, in relevant part:

(a) [T]he following categories of information are public information and not excepted from required disclosure under this chapter unless they are expressly confidential under other law:

(1) a completed report, audit, evaluation, or investigation made of, for, or by a governmental body, except as provided by Section 552.108.

Gov't Code § 552.022(a)(1). The submitted information consists of a completed report that is expressly public under section 552.022(a)(1). The department must release this

information, which we have marked, pursuant to section 552.022 unless it is excepted from disclosure under section 552.108 of the Government Code or is expressly made confidential under other law. *See id.* You claim this information is subject to section 552.103 of the Government Code. Section 552.103 is a discretionary exception to disclosure that protects the governmental body's interests and is therefore not "other law" that makes information expressly confidential for purposes of section 552.022(a). *See Dallas Area Rapid Transit v. Dallas Morning News*, 4 S.W.3d 469 (Tex. App.—Dallas 1999, no pet.) (governmental body may waive section 552.103); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 665 at 2 n.5 (2000) (discretionary exceptions generally). Consequently, the department may not withhold the submitted information under section 552.022(a)(1) pursuant to section 552.103 of the Government Code. However, we note that the information subject to section 552.022 contains information that falls under section 552.101 of the Government Code.¹ Section 552.101 is "other law" for purposes of section 552.022. Therefore, we will address the applicability of this exception to submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from public disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This section encompasses the common-law right of privacy, which protects information that is (1) highly intimate or embarrassing, such that its release would be highly objectionable to a reasonable person, and (2) not of legitimate concern to the public. *See Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd.*, 540 S.W.2d 668 (Tex. 1976). To demonstrate the applicability of common-law privacy, both prongs of this test must be established. *See id.* at 681-82. The types of information considered intimate or embarrassing by the Texas Supreme Court in *Industrial Foundation* included information relating to sexual assault, pregnancy, mental or physical abuse in the workplace, illegitimate children, psychiatric treatment of mental disorders, attempted suicide, and injuries to sexual organs. *See id.* at 683. This office has found some kinds of medical information or information indicating disabilities or specific illnesses are excepted from required public disclosure under common-law privacy. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 470 (1987) (illness from severe emotional and job-related stress), 455 (1987) (prescription drugs, illnesses, operations, and physical handicaps). Upon review, the information we have marked is highly intimate or embarrassing and not of legitimate public concern. Accordingly, the department must withhold the marked information under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. As you raise no further exceptions, the remaining information must be released.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

¹The Office of the Attorney General will raise a mandatory exception, such as section 552.101, on behalf of a governmental body, but ordinarily will not raise other exceptions. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 481 (1987), 480 (1987), 470 (1987).

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php, or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Chris Schulz', is written over a large, faint, stylized watermark or background graphic that resembles a large 'S' or a similar abstract shape.

Chris Schulz
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

CS/cc

Ref: ID# 369332

Enc. Submitted documents

cc: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)