



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

May 24, 2010

Ms. Jennifer C. Cohen  
Assistant General Counsel  
Texas Department of Public Safety  
P. O. Box 4087  
Austin, Texas 78773-0001

OR2010-07461

Dear Ms. Cohen:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 382265 (ORA # 10-0747).

The Texas Department of Public Safety (the "department") received a request for several categories of information related to statewide DWI arrests during a specified time period, including the number of active department troopers in each county. You claim that the number of state troopers assigned to each county is information excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information. To the extent any additional responsive information existed when the present request was received, we assume it has been released. If such information has not been released, then it must be released at this time. *See* Gov't Code §§ 552.301(a), .302; *see also* Open Records Decision No. 664 (2000) (if governmental body concludes that no exceptions apply to requested information, it must release information as soon as possible).

We next note, and you acknowledge, that the department did not comply with its ten-business-day deadline under section 552.301(b) of the Government Code in requesting this decision. *See* Gov't Code § 552.301(b). The department also failed to comply with its fifteen-business-day deadline under section 552.301(e). *See id.* § 552.301(e)(1). The submitted information is therefore presumed to be subject to required public disclosure and

must be released, unless there is a compelling reason to withhold any of the information. *See id.* § 552.302; *Simmons v. Kuzmich*, 166 S.W.3d 342, 350 (Tex. App.—Fort Worth 2005, no pet.); *Hancock v. State Bd. of Ins.*, 797 S.W.2d 379, 381 (Tex. App.—Austin 1990, no writ); Open Records Decision No. 630 (1994). This statutory presumption can generally be overcome when information is confidential by law or third-party interests are at stake. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 630 at 3 (1994), 325 at 2 (1982). Because your claim under section 552.101 of the Government Code can provide a compelling reason for non-disclosure, we will address that exception.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure “information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision.” Gov’t Code § 552.101. This exception encompasses information that other statutes make confidential, including section 418.176 of the Texas Homeland Security Act (the “HSA”), chapter 418 of the Government Code. Section 418.176 provides in relevant part:

(a) Information is confidential if the information is collected, assembled, or maintained by or for a governmental entity for the purpose of preventing, detecting, responding to, or investigating an act of terrorism or related criminal activity and:

(1) relates to the staffing requirements of an emergency response provider, including a law enforcement agency, a fire-fighting agency, or an emergency services agency[.]

Gov’t Code § 418.176. The fact that information may generally be related to emergency preparedness does not make the information *per se* confidential under the provisions of the HSA. *See* Open Records Decision No. 649 at 3 (1996) (language of confidentiality provisions controls scope of its protection). As with any confidentiality statute, a governmental body asserting this section must adequately explain how the responsive information falls within the scope of the provision. *See* Gov’t Code § 552.301(e)(1)(A) (governmental body must explain how claimed exception to disclosure applies).

You assert the submitted information reveals staffing requirements of the department, a law enforcement agency. You explain the submitted information reveals the number of troopers assigned to each county for the purpose of “combat[ing] terrorism and crime.” You further explain “the distribution of troopers across the state is determined by evaluating the need for law enforcement agents in different regions.” Upon review, we find you have demonstrated the submitted information relates to staffing requirements maintained by or for a governmental entity for the purpose of preventing, detecting, responding to, or investigating an act of terrorism or related criminal activity. Therefore, the department must withhold this information under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 418.176 of the Government Code.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at [http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index\\_orl.php](http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php), or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Cindy Nettles  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

CN/dls

Ref: ID# 382265

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor  
(w/o enclosures)