



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

October 7, 2011

Ms. Mariví Gambini  
City Attorney's Office  
City of Irving  
P.O. Box 152288  
Irving, Texas 75015-2288

OR2011-14570

Dear Ms. Gambini:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 432263.

The City of Irving (the "city") received a request for "all records that show what contact the [c]ity staff, and elected officials, had with [a specified] law firm . . . during 2010 and 2011 before the Administrative Award was signed to hire that law firm in 2011." You state the city has released some information to the requestor. You claim the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.106 and 552.111 of the Government Code. We have considered the claimed exceptions and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.111 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "an interagency or intraagency memorandum or letter that would not be available by law to a party in litigation with the agency." Gov't Code § 552.111. This exception encompasses the deliberative process privilege. *See* Open Records Decision No. 615 at 2 (1993). The purpose of section 552.111 is to protect advice, opinion, and recommendation in the decisional process and to encourage open and frank discussion in the deliberative process. *See Austin v. City of San Antonio*, 630 S.W.2d 391, 394 (Tex. App.—San Antonio 1982, no writ); Open Records Decision No. 538 at 1-2 (1990).

In Open Records Decision No. 615, this office re-examined the statutory predecessor to section 552.111 in light of the decision in *Texas Department of Public Safety v.*

*Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ). We determined section 552.111 excepts from disclosure only those internal communications that consist of advice, recommendations, opinions, and other material reflecting the policymaking processes of the governmental body. *See* ORD 615 at 5. A governmental body’s policymaking functions do not encompass routine internal administrative or personnel matters, and disclosure of information about such matters will not inhibit free discussion of policy issues among agency personnel. *Id.*; *see also City of Garland v. Dallas Morning News*, 22 S.W.3d 351 (Tex. 2000) (section 552.111 not applicable to personnel-related communications that did not involve policymaking). A governmental body’s policymaking functions do include administrative and personnel matters of broad scope that affect the governmental body’s policy mission. *See* Open Records Decision No. 631 at 3 (1995).

Further, section 552.111 does not protect facts and written observations of facts and events that are severable from advice, opinions, and recommendations. *See* ORD 615 at 5. But if factual information is so inextricably intertwined with material involving advice, opinion, or recommendation as to make severance of the factual data impractical, the factual information also may be withheld under section 552.111. *See* Open Records Decision No. 313 at 3 (1982).

Section 552.111 can also encompass communications between a governmental body and a third party, including a consultant or other party with a privity of interest. *See* Open Records Decision No. 561 at 9 (1990) (section 552.111 encompasses communications with party with which governmental body has privity of interest or common deliberative process). When determining if an interagency memorandum is excepted from disclosure under section 552.111, we must consider whether the entities between which the memorandum is passed share a privity of interest or common deliberative process with regard to the policy matter at issue. *See id.* For section 552.111 to apply, the governmental body must identify the third party and explain the nature of its relationship with the governmental body. Section 552.111 is not applicable to a communication between the governmental body and a third party unless the governmental body establishes it has a privity of interest or common deliberative process with the third party. *See id.*

You state the submitted information consists of communications related to state legislation concerning redistricting. Upon review, however, we find the submitted information has been shared with an individual with whom you have not demonstrated the city shares a privity of interest, is general administrative or purely factual information, or does not relate to the policymaking functions of the city. Thus, we find you have failed to show how the submitted information consists of advice, opinions, or recommendations on the policymaking matters of the city. Accordingly, the information at issue may not be withheld under section 552.111 of the Government Code.

You also contend the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.106 of the Government Code, which excepts from disclosure “[a] draft or

working paper involved in the preparation of proposed legislation” and “[a]n internal bill analysis or working paper prepared by the governor’s office for the purpose of evaluating proposed legislation[.]” Gov’t Code § 552.106(a), (b). Section 552.106 resembles section 552.111 in that both exceptions protect advice, opinion, and recommendation on policy matters, in order to encourage frank discussion during the policymaking process. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 615 at 2, 460 at 1-2 (1987). However, section 552.106 applies specifically to the legislative process and is narrower than section 552.111. ORD 460 at 2. The purpose of section 552.106(a) is to encourage frank discussion on policy matters between the subordinates or advisors of a legislative body and the members of the legislative body. Therefore, section 552.106 is applicable only to the policy judgments, recommendations, and proposals of persons who are involved in the preparation of proposed legislation and who have an official responsibility to provide such information to members of the legislative body. *See* Open Records Decision Nos. 460 at 1-2, 367 (1983) (statutory predecessor applied to recommendations of executive committee of State Board of Public Accountancy for possible amendments to Public Accountancy Act); *see also* Open Records Decision No. 429 at 5 (1985) (statutory predecessor to section 552.106 not applicable to information relating to governmental entity’s efforts to persuade other governmental entities to enact particular ordinances). Section 552.106 protects only policy judgments, advice, opinions, and recommendations involved in the preparation or evaluation of proposed legislation; it does not except purely factual information from public disclosure. *See* ORD 460 at 2.

You assert the submitted information relates to the evaluation of proposed legislation. You contend the information includes the advice, opinions, and recommendations of the city’s consultant in the evaluation of proposed legislation. However, you have not established how the city’s officials, staff, or consultants have an official responsibility to the Texas Legislature to provide policy judgments, recommendations, and proposals to its members on the issues discussed in the e-mails. *See* ORD 429 at 5 (statutory predecessor to section 552.106 not applicable to information relating to governmental entity’s efforts to persuade other governmental entities to enact particular ordinances). Thus, upon review, we find you have not demonstrated how the submitted information constitutes recommendations, opinions, or advice for purposes of section 552.106. We therefore conclude the city may not withhold any of the submitted information under section 552.106 of the Government Code. Accordingly, the city must release the submitted information to the requestor.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at [http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index\\_orl.php](http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php), or call the Office of the Attorney General’s Open Government Hotline, toll free,

at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Cindy Nettles  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

CN/dls

Ref: ID# 432263

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor  
(w/o enclosures)