



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

October 13, 2011

The Honorable Sterling E. Lacy
Bowie County Judge
710 James Bowie Drive
New Boston, Texas 75570

OR2011-14885

Dear Judge Lacy:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the “Act”), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 432838.

The Office of the Bowie County Judge (the “county judge”) received a request for correspondence between the county judge and other specified individuals regarding mental health hearings, procedures, and documents.¹ You indicate the county judge has provided some of the requested information to the requestor. You also indicate the submitted information is not subject to Act. Alternatively, you indicate the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered your arguments and reviewed the submitted information.

The Act is applicable to information “collected, assembled, or maintained under a law or ordinance or in connection with the transaction of official business by a governmental body.” Gov’t Code § 552.002(a)(1). However, the Act’s definition of “governmental body” “does not include the judiciary.” *Id.* § 552.003(1)(B). Information “collected, assembled, or maintained by or for the judiciary” is not subject to the Act, but instead is “governed by rules adopted by the Supreme Court of Texas or by other applicable laws and rules.” *Id.* § 552.0035(a); *cf.* Open Records Decision No. 131 (1976) (applying statutory predecessor to judiciary exclusion under Gov’t Code § 552.003(1)(B) prior to enactment of Gov’t Code § 552.0035). You represent the submitted information is maintained by the judiciary. Based

¹As you have not submitted a copy of the written request for information, we take our description of the request from your brief.

on your representation, we conclude the submitted information is not subject to the Act and need not be released in response to this request for information.² As we are able to make this determination, we need not address your remaining arguments against disclosure.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php, or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,



Leah B. Wingerson
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

LBW/dls

Ref: ID# 432838

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)

²We note records of the judiciary may be public under other sources of law. *See* Gov't Code §§ 29.007(d)(4) (complaints filed with municipal court clerk), .007(f) (municipal court clerks shall perform duties prescribed by law for county court clerk); Local Gov't Code § 191.006 (records belonging to office of county clerk shall be open to public unless access restricted by law or court order); *see also Star-Telegram, Inc. v. Walker*, 834 S.W.2d 54, 57 (Tex. 1992) (documents filed with courts are generally considered public and must be released); Attorney General Opinions DM-166 (1992) at 2-3 (public has general right to inspect and copy judicial records), H-826 (1976); Open Records Decision No. 25 (1974).