



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS  
GREG ABBOTT

February 12, 2013

Mr. JD Lambright  
Montgomery County Attorney  
207 West Phillips, Suite 100  
Conroe, Texas 77301

OR2013-02421

Dear Mr. Lambright:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 482751 (No. 2013-0262).

The Montgomery County Sheriff's Department (the "department") received a request for information related to two specified incidents involving a named individual. You claim the requested information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101 and 552.108 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the information you submitted.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This exception encompasses information made confidential by other statutes, including section 58.007 of the Family Code, which provides in part:

(c) Except as provided by Subsection (d), law enforcement records and files concerning a child and information stored, by electronic means or otherwise, concerning the child from which a record or file could be generated may not be disclosed to the public and shall be:

(1) if maintained on paper or microfilm, kept separate from adult files and records;

(2) if maintained electronically in the same computer system as records or files relating to adults, be accessible under controls that are

separate and distinct from controls to access electronic data concerning adults; and

(3) maintained on a local basis only and not sent to a central state or federal depository, except as provided by Subchapters B, D, and E.

Fam. Code § 58.007(c); *see id.* § 51.03(a)-(b) (defining “delinquent conduct” and “conduct indicating need for supervision” for purposes of Fam. Code title 3). Section 58.007(c) is applicable to records of juvenile conduct that occurred on or after September 1, 1997. *See* Act of June 2, 1997, 75<sup>th</sup> Leg., R.S., ch. 1086, §§ 20, 55(a), 1997 Tex. Gen. Laws 4179, 4187, 4199; Open Records Decision No. 644 (1996). The juvenile must have been at least 10 years old and less than 17 years of age when the conduct occurred. *See* Fam. Code § 51.02(2) (defining “child” for purposes of Fam. Code tit. 3). We note section 58.007(c) is not applicable to information that relates to a juvenile as a complainant, victim, witness, or other involved party and not as a suspect or offender. Although you contend the submitted information is confidential under section 58.007(c), we find the information at issue does not involve a juvenile suspect or offender. We therefore conclude the department may not withhold any of the submitted information under section 552.101 of the Government Code on the basis of section 58.007(c) of the Family Code.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code also encompasses section 261.201 of the Family Code, which provides in part:

(a) [T]he following information is confidential, is not subject to public release under [the Act] and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with this code and applicable federal or state law or under rules adopted by an investigating agency:

(1) a report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect made under [chapter 261.201 of the Family Code] and the identity of the person making the report; and

(2) except as otherwise provided in this section, the files, reports, records, communications, audiotapes, videotapes, and working papers used or developed in an investigation under [chapter 261 of the Family Code] or in providing services as a result of an investigation.

...

(k) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), an investigating agency, other than the [Texas Department of Family and Protective Services] or the Texas Youth Commission, on request, shall provide to the parent, managing conservator, or other legal representative of a child who is the subject of reported abuse or neglect, or to the child if the child is at least 18 years of age, information concerning the reported abuse or neglect that would otherwise be confidential

under this section. The investigating agency shall withhold information under this subsection if the parent, managing conservator, or other legal representative of the child requesting the information is alleged to have committed the abuse or neglect.

(l) Before a child or a parent, managing conservator, or other legal representative of a child may inspect or copy a record or file concerning the child under Subsection (k), the custodian of the record or file must redact:

...

(2) any information that is excepted from required disclosure under [the Act] or other law[.]

Fam. Code § 261.201(a), (k), (l)(2). We find the submitted information related to case number 12A013230 was used or developed in an investigation of alleged or suspected child abuse under chapter 261 of the Family Code, so as to be generally confidential under section 261.201(a)(2). *See id.* §§ 261.001(1) (defining “abuse,” for purposes of Fam. Code ch. 261, as including offense of sexual assault under Penal Code § 22.011); Penal Code § 22.011(c) (defining “child”). In this instance, however, the requestor is a parent of the child who was the victim of the alleged or suspected abuse and is not accused of committing the abuse. Therefore, pursuant to section 261.201(k), the department may not withhold the information related to case number 12A013230 from this requestor under section 552.101 of the Government Code on the basis of section 261.201(a). *See* Fam. Code § 261.201(k). Section 261.201(l) provides, however, that any information excepted from disclosure under the Act or other law may be withheld. *See id.* § 261.201(l)(2). Therefore, we will address your other claims under sections 552.101 and 552.108 of the Government Code for the information at issue.

Section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code excepts from disclosure “[i]nformation held by a law enforcement agency or prosecutor that deals with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime . . . if . . . release of the information would interfere with the detection, investigation, or prosecution of crime[.]” Gov’t Code § 552.108(a)(1). A governmental body must reasonably explain how and why section 552.108 is applicable to the information at issue. *See id.* § 552.301(e)(1)(A); *Ex parte Pruitt*, 551 S.W.2d 706 (Tex. 1977). You state the information at issue related to case numbers 12A013230 and 12A017415 pertains to pending criminal cases. You have provided an affidavit from the department stating release of the information at issue would interfere with investigation or prosecution of the cases. Based on your representations and the department’s affidavit, we conclude section 552.108(a)(1) is applicable in this instance. *See Houston Chronicle Publ’g Co. v. City of Houston*, 531 S.W.2d 177 (Tex. Civ. App.—Houston [14th Dist.] 1975) (court delineates law enforcement interests present in active cases), *writ ref’d n.r.e. per curiam*, 536 S.W.2d 559 (Tex. 1976).

We note section 552.108 does not except from disclosure "basic information about an arrested person, an arrest, or a crime." Gov't Code § 552.108(c). Section 552.108(c) refers to the basic front-page offense and arrest information held to be public in *Houston Chronicle* and includes an identification and description of the complainant and a detailed description of the offense. See 531 S.W.2d at 186-88; Open Records Decision No. 127 at 3-4 (1976) (summarizing types of information deemed public by *Houston Chronicle*). The department must release basic information, even if the information does not literally appear on the front page of an offense or arrest report. The department may withhold the remaining information at issue under section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code.

Lastly, you seek to withhold the identity of the child complainant in the information related to the alleged sexual assault under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with common-law privacy. Information that identifies or tends to identify a victim of a sexual assault or other sexual offense is generally confidential under section 552.101 and common-law privacy. See *Indus. Found. v. Tex. Indus. Accident Bd.*, 540 S.W.2d 668, 685 (Tex. 1976); Open Records Decision Nos. 393 (1983), 339 (1982). In this instance, however, the requestor is a parent of the complainant. As such, the requestor has a right of access to her child's private information under section 552.023 of the Government Code. See Gov't Code § 552.023; Open Records Decision No. 481 at 4 (1987) (privacy theories not implicated when individual requests information concerning herself).<sup>1</sup> Therefore, the complainant's identity may not be withheld from this requestor under section 552.101 of the Government Code on the basis of common-law privacy.

In summary, the department may withhold the information at issue under section 552.108(a)(1) of the Government Code, except for basic information under section 552.108(c), which must be released.<sup>2</sup> The department must release the rest of the submitted information.<sup>3</sup>

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

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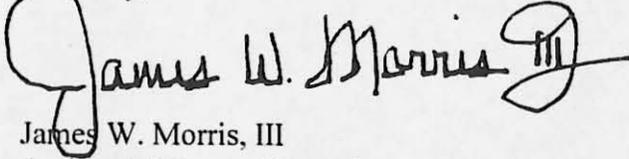
<sup>1</sup>Section 552.023 provides in part that "[a] person or a person's authorized representative has a special right of access, beyond the right of the general public, to information held by a governmental body that relates to the person and that is protected from public disclosure by laws intended to protect that person's privacy interests." Gov't Code § 552.023(a).

<sup>2</sup>We note basic information includes an arrested person's social security number. Section 552.147(b) of the Government Code authorizes a governmental body to redact a living person's social security number from public release without the necessity of requesting a decision from this office under the Act.

<sup>3</sup>Because the present requestor has a right of access to the information related to case number 12A013230, the department should resubmit that information and request another decision if it receives another request for the information from a different requestor. See Gov't Code §§ 552.301(a), .302.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at [http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index\\_orl.php](http://www.oag.state.tx.us/open/index_orl.php), or call the Office of the Attorney General's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for providing public information under the Act must be directed to the Cost Rules Administrator of the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "James W. Morris III". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large initial "J" and a stylized "M".

James W. Morris, III  
Assistant Attorney General  
Open Records Division

JWM/bhf

Ref: ID# 482751

Enc: Submitted documents

c: Requestor  
(w/o enclosures)