



ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS
GREG ABBOTT

June 10, 2014

Ms. Elaine S. Hengen
Counsel for Town of Horizon City
Bojorquez Law Firm, PLLC
12325 Hymeadow Drive, Suite 2-100
Austin, Texas 78750

OR2014-09874

Dear Ms. Hengen:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 525388.

The Town of Horizon City (the "town"), which you represent, received a request for information pertaining to a named individual, including a specified report. You claim the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under sections 552.101, 552.103, 552.108, and 552.130 of the Government Code. We have considered the exceptions you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from public disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision." Gov't Code § 552.101. This section encompasses information protected by other statutes. Section 261.201 of the Family Code provides, in part, as follows:

(a) [T]he following information is confidential, is not subject to public release under Chapter 552, Government Code, and may be disclosed only for purposes consistent with this code and applicable federal or state law or under rules adopted by an investigating agency:

(1) a report of alleged or suspected abuse or neglect made under this chapter and the identity of the person making the report; and

(2) except as otherwise provided in this section, the files, reports, records, communications, audiotapes, videotapes, and working papers used or developed in an investigation under this chapter or in providing services as a result of an investigation.

Fam. Code § 261.201(a). Upon review, we find the submitted information was used or developed in an investigation of alleged or suspected child abuse under chapter 261 of the Family Code. *See id.* § 261.001 (defining “abuse” for purposes of chapter 261 of the Family Code); *see also id.* § 101.003(a) (defining “child” for purposes of chapter 261 of the Family Code as person under 18 years of age who is not and has not been married or who has not had the disabilities of minority removed for general purposes). Thus, this information is generally confidential under section 261.201(a) of the Family Code. However, we note section 261.201(a) provides that information encompassed by subsection (a) may be disclosed “for purposes consistent with [the Family Code] and applicable federal or state law.” *Id.* § 261.201(a). Chapter 411 of the Government Code constitutes “applicable state law” in this instance.

In this instance, the requestor is an enforcement specialist with the Texas State Board of Pharmacy (the “board”). Section 411.122(a) of the Government Code provides, in part,

an agency of this state listed in Subsection (d) . . . that licenses or regulates members of a particular trade, occupation, business, vocation, or profession is entitled to obtain from the [Department of Public Safety] criminal history record information maintained by the [Department of Public Safety] that relates to a person who: (1) is an applicant for a license from the agency; (2) is the holder of a license from the agency; or (3) requests a determination of eligibility for a license from the agency.

Gov’t Code § 411.122(a). We note the board is specifically subject to section 411.122 of the Government Code. *See id.* § 411.122(d)(14). In addition, section 411.087(a) of the Government Code provides in pertinent part:

(a) [A] person, agency, department, political subdivision, or other entity that is authorized by this subchapter to obtain from the [Department of Public Safety] criminal history record information maintained by the [Department of Public Safety] that relates to another person is authorized to:

...

(2) obtain from any other criminal justice agency in this state criminal history record information maintained by that criminal justice agency that relates to that person.

Id. § 411.087(a)(2). “Criminal history record information” (“CHRI”) is defined as “information collected about a person by a criminal justice agency that consists of identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, detentions, indictments, informations, and other formal criminal charges and their dispositions.” *See id.* § 411.082(2). Thus, under section 411.122, the board may have a right of access to CHRI about the named individual contained in the town’s records.

Accordingly, if the town determines that release is consistent with the purposes of the Family Code and the named individual is an applicant for a license from the board, a holder of a license from the board, or has requested a determination of eligibility for a license from the board, then the requestor is authorized to obtain the named individual’s CHRI contained in the submitted information. Although you also raise sections 552.103 and 552.108 of the Government Code for such information, a specific statutory right of access overcomes the general exceptions in the Act, such as sections 552.103 and 552.108. *See Dallas Area Rapid Transit v. Dallas Morning News*, 4 S.W.3d 469, 47576 (Tex. App.—Dallas 1999, no pet.) (governmental body may waive Gov’t Code § 552.103); Open Records Decision Nos. 665 at 2 n.5 (2000) (discretionary exceptions generally), 177 at 3 (1977) (statutory predecessor to Gov’t Code § 552.108 subject to waiver). The remaining information, however, must be withheld under section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 261.201(a) of the Family Code. If, however, the town determines that release is not consistent with the purposes of the Family Code or the named individual does not meet the criteria of section 411.122 of the Government Code, then the board does not have a right of access to the named individual’s CHRI, and the submitted information must be withheld in its entirety under section 552.101 in conjunction with section 261.201(a).¹ *See* Attorney General Opinions DM-353 at 4 n.6 (1995) (interagency transfer of information prohibited where confidentiality statute enumerates specific entities to which release of information is authorized, and potential receiving governmental body is not among statute’s enumerated entities), JM-590 at 4-5 (1986); Fam. Code § 261.201(b)-(g), (I), (k) (listing entities authorized to receive section 261.201 information).

This letter ruling is limited to the particular information at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other information or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For more information concerning those rights and responsibilities, please visit our website at http://www.texasattorneygeneral.gov/open/orl_ruling_info.shtml, or call the Office of the Attorney General’s Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. Questions concerning the allowable charges for

¹As our ruling is dispositive, we need not address your remaining arguments against disclosure of the submitted information.

providing public information under the Act may be directed to the Office of the Attorney General, toll free, at (888) 672-6787.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Paige Thompson". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, prominent "P" and "T".

Paige Thompson
Assistant Attorney General
Open Records Division

PT/dls

Ref: ID# 525388

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Requestor
(w/o enclosures)